SECOND EDITION.

Newport Daily News.

ESTABLISHED 1846. NEWPORT, R. I., SATURDAY, MARCH 19, 1892. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

SPECIAL.

FOR SALE.—Pleasantest two-tenement house in city; perfect repair; good location, off Broadway; $4,200. Purchaser can occupy half, rent other half for $180, thus making his yearly rent $30.
Daniel Watson, 235 Thames St.

PROVISIONS.

Green Mountain Farm Butter,
, & J. Darlington's Butter,
Pinnacle Farm Butter
(of Walpole, N. H.) to be had at the
SEASIDE MARKET.

COGGESHALL BROS.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Beef, Veal, Mutton and Lamb.
CURERS OF THE
Celebrated Diamond C Pork Products.
or. Washington Sq. and Thames St.

Wheeler & Wilson No 9
Best family machine made. One-half hour's al will convince you. Fancy work on exhibition at
Washington Sq. T. C. Carman, Agt.

For 50 cents
YOUR
Choice of Any Scarf
— IN —
Atwater's Window.
ATWATER,
ading Hatter and Haberdasher,
300 Thames Street.

Does He Smoke?
e him a nice box of cigars, it will please him.
ALL BOXES OF HAVANA OR DOMESTIC CIGARS,
LVER-MOUNTED BRIAR PIPES,
AND-PAINTED TOBACCO POUCHES
ABINETS FOR KEEPING CIGARS,
GAR AND CIGARETTE TUBES AND CASES.
Everything needful to a smoker.
D. Richardson & Co.,
306 Thames Street,
Opposite Postoffice.

PRINTING AT DAILY NEWS JOB OFFICE.

AFTER "LA GRIPPE"
ake POWELL'S IRON and QUININE TONIC,
rporation containing the medicinal properties of beef, iron and wine and quinine.
Prepared by
FRANK L. POWELL,
NER THAMES AND PELHAM STREETS.

THEODORE B. STARR
Fifth Avenue, Madison Square,
NEW YORK,
FIRST FLOOR:
olid Silverware
e Watches, Traveling Clocks.
SECOND FLOOR:
DIAMONDS
and other Precious Stones,
Gold, Jewelry, Porcelains.
THIRD FLOOR:
Clocks,
Mantle Clocks,
Bronzes, Porcelains.

We beg to state our store will be open during the winter.

KAZANJIAN & CO.,
NATIVE IMPORTERS OF
Turkish, Persian and Japanese Goods,
140, 142 & 144 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

Second Edition.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

BY TELEGRAPH
To the Associated Press.

SPECIAL WIRE TO THE NEWS.

The New York Associated Press will continue to collect the news under most vigorous management, to the satisfaction of its associates and of all those who have amicable relations with it.—[New York World.

THE DEMOCRATS.

An Important Gathering of the Leaders.

Harmony Promised at the Meeting in Providence Today.

[Special Despatch to the Daily News.]

PROVIDENCE, March 19.—There was no session of the General Assembly today, there being no senators and only three representatives present at the roll call. An adjournment was taken until Monday.

There was an important conference of the Democratic leaders here today to discuss the present campaign and to settle, if possible, any grievances that may have existed. Among those present were Mayor Honey and Charles Acton Ives of Newport, ex-Governor Davis, Mr. Wardwell, John J. Heffernan, Charles E. Gorman, John M. Brennan, Mayor Carroll of Pawtucket, Colonel Francis L. O'Reilley of Woonsocket and James McNally of Providence. There were about sixty in all at the conference, and a number of speeches were made by the leaders of the several alleged cliques or factions, the tenor of which was there would be harmony among branches of the party and that each would do his best to secure the success of the Democratic party and the election of a majority of the grand committee in the next General Assembly. Excellent speeches were made by Mayor Honey, Mayor Carroll, ex-Governor Davis, and Mr. Brown. The last-named said this was an Aldrich campaign and the Democrats ought to unite to defeat Mr. Aldrich, who was really the author of the McKinley tariff bill. Ex-Governor Davis reviewed the legislation in Rhode Island for the last five years, and said that the workingmen would find that the Democrats had been their friends having giving them the ten hour bill and extension of suffrage through the Bourn amendment, the credit for which the Republicans were claiming for themselves. The meeting is looked upon the Democrats as very encouraging to their success in the April election.

A New Bedford Light.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—Notice is given by the lighthouse board that the range line to clear Butler Flat, Mass., being perfectly marked by the Palmer Island lightest electric light on the tower of mill No. 3 of the Wamsutta corporation on March 31, 1892, the twinkling red light on the same range line shown from Fairhaven bridge, New Bedford harbor, will be discontinued. The illuminating apparatus will however be retained in place so that the light may be temporarily exhibited to mark the range in case of accidental extinguishment of the Wamsutta mills light.

Another Good Night for Senator Morrill.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—Senator Morrill has passed another good night and this morning he and his physician agree that he is improving. The crisis of the Senator's disease is expected today and every symptom points to a favorable turn.

England and Turkey Becoming Estranged.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 19.—The situation is becoming strained between England and Turkey. The Sultan, it is reported, looks upon the presence of British ironclads in such large force at Alexandria as a notice to the people of Egypt that they are really under British jurisdiction and the Sultan's authority is only a shadow.

ESCAPING GAS.

A Lynn Company Loses One Hundred Thousand Feet.

LYNN, Mass., March 19.—One of the gasometers in the plant of the Lynn Gas and Electric Company collapsed this forenoon, due to the northwest gale. The tank had a capacity of 150,000 cubic feet of gas and 100,000 feet escaped to the atmosphere. The destruction of the tank commenced last evening and Superintendent Pritchard remained on hand throughout the night to guard against explosion. The collapse was gradual and left the tank like an empty balloon. The city's gas supply was not diminished as the company is amply equipped against accident. The loss is estimated above $8000 and is not insured.

A CONVENTION OF TRAMPS.

The Temple Established near Hebronville, Mass.

ATTLEBORO, Mass., March 19.—For the past three days this vicinity has been overrun with tramps, who are holding their fourteenth annual convention at Hebronville. As a consequence the hen roosts in this vicinity, suffer severely. One of the Knights of Rest told a reporter that all the tramps who happen to be near here when the time for the annual convention comes around meet at the "Temple" and talk over their haps and mishaps since they last met. The section hands working along the Old Colony road here complain that they have been held up by members of the fraternity and forced to hand over tobacco and other things the tramps wanted. The camp is well guarded and pickets remain on duty all night. The convention usually lasts a week.

TO THE SOUTH OF FRANCE.

Queen Victoria and Others of the Royal Family Leaves England.

LONDON, March 19.—The Queen started from Windsor Castle on her visit to the south of France this morning. She was accompanied by her daughter, Princess Beatrice, Prince Henry of Battenberg, Princess Victoria Patricia of Connaught and others. They will proceed to Costebell, 2 miles from Hyeres, where two hotels have been engaged for the royal party during their five weeks stay.

A YOUNG DYNAMITER.

A Fifteen-Year-Old Boy Attempts to Get Money by Threats.

NEW YORK, March 19.—The identity of the writer of the anonymous letters threatening Mrs. Philip Cassidy of Fishkill with death by dynamite, if she did not comply with a demand for $20,000, was disclosed last night. John Edward Kent, a fifteen-year-old son of James Kent, an engineer on the New York & New England railroad, residing at Fishkill, confessed that he did it for a "bluff." Kent had a confidante in Harry Thealt, an older boy, but one whom it is evident Kent has influenced. This event is the direct outcome of the dynamite attack upon Russell Sage by Norcross. Kent was greatly interested in all the details of that event. He induced Thealt to read about it. The boys thought they could get money the same way, and swore to each other with bravado that they would not blow themselves up either. It was learned that both boys read detective stories. They have planned doing exploits, but both deny that they really intended exploding anything at Mrs. Cassidy's house. No arrest was made on account of the boys' youth.

Death of the Confederate Hero of the Battle of Mobile Bay.

MOBILE, ALA., March 19.—Thomas L. Harrison, the hero on the Confederate side in the battle of Mobile bay, died last night, aged 51 years. He graduated from Annapolis and at the age of 20 entered the Confederate naval service. After the war began he engaged in business and later filled the post of United States commissioner.

The Nebraska Governorship Contest to be Re-opened.

LINCOLN, Neb., March 19.—On Tuesday next General Thayer will move in the supreme court of the state for a re-opening of the case of Thayer vs. Boyd. This announcement comes as a surprise, but it is thoroughly reliable.

The International Monetary Conference.

LONDON, March 19.—The success of the bimetallist propaganda has so encouraged the committee of the Bi-metallic League that the committee has decided to raise the question of an international conference by a debate in Parliament. The many adhesions of members of the House of Commons seem to justify the movement.

A REVOLUTION IN VENEZUELA.

A Conflict with the Government Troops.

The Revolutionists Said to have Routed but not Disheartened.

NEW YORK, March 19.—A special from Caracas, Venezuela, to the Herald says:—"The opposition to President Palacios has, as it has been feared it would for some time, resulted in a resort to arms at last, and a bloody engagement has been fought between a body of revolutionists and government troops near this city. So far as can be learned now the advantage rests with the government, but the fear is generally expected that this is but the beginning of a long and desperate fight for the control of the country, which may result in the loss of many lives and again plunge the republic into the chaos from which it was just beginning to emerge.

Particulars of Thursday's battle are meagre as yet, and it is impossible to tell the number of men engaged, or the casualties. In fact, the only reliable news is that the revolutionists were forced to retire. It has been open secret that a fight would follow the elections no matter what the result might be and for months both parties have been preparing for it. President Palacios has used every possible means to get in power and to strengthen his position, while his opponents have also been busily engaged in recruiting and arming themselves on the anticipation of the final struggle. The national election was to have been held on February 10, but the President saw fit to postpone until February 20 and before that date came a further postponement was made. These postponements were made, it is generally thought, because the government forces were not in proper fighting trim. It is said that ex-President Gusman Blanco is at the back of the revolutionary movement and that it has considerable strength throughout the country. His followers have for several years past been actively engaged in plotting for the overthrow of the present government and the restoration of the dictator. They are well supplied with arms and money and can make a hard fight.

President Palacios appears to be confident that order will be soon restored, but this confidence is not shared by many well informed residents of the capital. The situation may be set down as critical.

THE GERMAN CABINET CRISIS.

A Berlin Correspondent Thinks the Government Will be Benefitted Thereby.

LONDON, March 19.—The Telegraph's Berlin correspondent says:—"I hear that Chancellor Von Caprivi desired to postpone a definite decision on the education bill, but that the Emperor insisted that he would brook no delay and objections to the bill must be respected. The Emperor would not have left Berlin if Chancellor Von Caprivi had really resigned. A high authority informs me that the crisis will place the government in a stronger position by ridding it of this difficulty. A satisfactory solution is certain to be found. There is no foundation for the presumption that Prince Bismarck is likely to be consulted."

BERLIN, March, 19.—The Cologne Gazette says it is reported among the members of the Prussian Diet that the Emperor at Thursday's meeting of the Cabinet stated that he did not wish the primary education bill passed exclusively by a clerical majority. The Gazette expresses the hope that the resignation of Count Von Seidlitz Trutzschler will not induce Chancellor Von Caprivi to resign. The Tageblatt declares that a majority of those present at Thursday Cabinet council advocated the withdrawal of the primary education bill.

The Post says that the attitude of the ministers toward the bill has changed, a majority of the cabinet now being opposed to Count Von Seidlitz Trutzschler.

Several journals mention Dr. Lucanus, chief of the cabinet, as the probable successor of Count Von Seidlitz Trutzschler.

The Chicago Elevated Railway Company Incorporated.

CHICAGO, March 19.—The Chicago Union Elevated Railway Company was incorporated at Springfield yesterday. The capital stock is $17,000,000. The incorporators and first board of directors are John Tyler, Thomas F. O'Malley, William Bell, G. E. Scott and George M. Rekels.

Death Punishment for Dynamiters in France.

PARIS, March 19.—The bill punishing the dynamiters by death is to be hurried through the Chamber and will, it is expected, be a law within a few days.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 19.—The Russian government views with great satisfaction the steps taken in Paris against the anarchists as it is believed Paris has for a long time been a centre for conspiracies against the Czar. Advices have been received that nihilist refugees are flocking to London from Paris. The Paris police are said to have discovered in their search of an anarchist lodgings evidence of a nihilist plot against the life of the Czar.

Whiskey Trust Officials Demur.

BOSTON, March 19.—The Whiskey Trust officials filed today in the United States district court a motion to quash the indictment found against them, and President Greenhut files a demurrer.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

At Boston, March 19, DeRuyter, from Antwerp
At Hamburg, March 18, Stubbenhuk, from Boston.
At London, March 18, Melbourne, from Boston
Passed Klusale, March 18, Ottoman, from Boston.

THE READING DEAL.

Some Peculiar Things in which New Jersey Legislators are Concerned.

NEW YORK, March 19.—The Herald says that a state senator of New Jersey took a slip of paper out of his wallet yesterday, which contained a column of printed names, opposite some of which was a straight pencil mark and opposite the others a cross. "There," said he, "is the vote of the New Jersey senate legalizing the great coal deal of which the Reading railroad is the central figure, just as I took it down on Friday, March 11. I am a trifle superstitious and I propose to keep that list and watch the future of some of the men who voted for the bill. They say that money secured under circumstances which were notorious at Trenton on the last day of the session, never does anybody any good, and this is a rare opportunity to test the truth of the saying."

The senator alluded to a legislative scandal, which has started nearly everybody to talking about bribery. These charges have generally indicated that the money came from various railroads in the "combine" as men, who have been variously known as "Reading lobbyists" and "Lehigh Valley lobbyists," were actively at work to secure favorable action. Careful investigation indicates that the money which was paid or pledged did not come from the railroads. The most reliable information that can be obtained is that there was a fund raised by brokers and stock speculators, who were interested in keeping the securities of the companies up to the figures they reached when the deal was consummated. It is asserted that the passage of the bill was to cost $300,000. The belief is expressed that very little money has actually been paid and that any pledges, which were made, were entirely contingent on the approval of the bill by the governor. The amount paid in the senate for votes is a matter of the veriest gossip and speculation. It has been reported around Trenton that members got as high as $15,000, and some who held out stubbornly got $25,000. It is only just to say that there is probably no man who knows this if it be true, outside of the man who paid or promised the money and the man who sold his vote. It is also probably true that quite a number of men who voted for it are victims of injustice and owe it to themselves to investigate the miscellaneous charges made against the majority in the senate.

THE SUGAR TRUST.

A Hitch in the Negotiations for a Philadelphia Refinery.

PHILADELPHIA, March 19.—There is a hitch in the negotiations between the Sugar Trust and one of the big refineries here. There is about two millions difference between the price asked by the firm and what the trust wants to give. This is why the formal announcement of the deal has not been made. The firm over which the controversy has arisen is Harrison Frazier & Co. They value their plant at $10,000,000 and want that amount in trust certificates before they will transfer their stock. It is said that Treasurer Searles offered them $8,000,000 at first, but withdrew the offer stating that the plant was not worth more than $7,000,000. Persons closely allied to the trust state that $8,000,000 is ready for the purchase, but that the owners of the Franklin refinery would rather run independently than sell at such a price. Claus Spreckles gave his usual emphatic denial yesterday when asked if he had finally concluded to join the Sugar Trust.

Fatally Injured by the Fall of a Mine Roof.

HUNTINGDON, Penn., March 19.—As the miners of No. 2 mine at Rock Hill were leaving for their homes Thursday night, a large portion of the rocky roof at the mouth of the mine fell, fatally injuring Herman Deso, Carlin Pringe and the latter's son.

A GIGANTIC DENTAL OPERATION.

Last week Bolivar, the big elephant, was suffering from an acute attack of toothache. So excruciating was the pain that the big fellow was in a state bordering on frenzy. He stamped and raved within the narrow confines of his cage, while his loud trumpetings could be heard for miles. The under keepers held their lives too sacred to venture within reach of the crazed beast. Bolivar and Mr. Byrne are the warmest of friends. On many occasions, when the big elephant had been acting in an ugly manner, a single word from the head keeper would reduce him to his normal state. But Bolivar had never before been in such a rage, and even Mr. Byrne's heart quailed. But something had to be done. Procuring a large mallet, a chisel and a roll of zinc, he opened the door and appeared before his majesty. No sooner had the keeper spoken to his old friend than the elephant's demeanor underwent an entire change. With a low, moaning sound, he passed his trunk gently over Mr. Byrne's face. The keeper caressed his big pet, the while talking to him in a low voice. Suddenly he lay down flat on the floor immediately in front of the elephant, at the same time uttering a sharp command. Without a moment's hesitation Bolivar reached down his muscular trunk, grasped Mr. Byrne gently but firmly and slowly raised him to the level of his cavernous mouth. Another word of command, and Bolivar opened his huge mouth, exposing the decayed molar. Despite his perilous position, Mr. Byrne went to work calmly with the chisel and mallet he began cutting away the decayed portion of the tooth. Bolivar stood the ordeal with great fortitude, although big tears coursed down his rugged cheeks. Having gotten the tooth in shape for filling, Mr. Byrne dropped his chisel and began hammering the rolled zinc into the cavity. In ten minutes the operation was over, and the keeper was lowered to terra firma. It was fully a minute before Bolivar closed his mouth. An expression of seraphic joy beamed from his stolid face and his little eyes twinkled. Three or four times he opened and closed his mouth, as though to make sure that the pain was really gone. Then bounding to where Mr. Byrne was standing he extended his trunk and with its moist nozzle implanted a long lingering kiss upon the keeper's lips.—[Philadelphia Times.

Antique Furniture
New importation of
Dutch Silver:
Coffee Spoons, Oyster Forks.
Bon Bon Boxes.
Liquor Glasses and Bottles (silver mounted)
Trays, Cream Pitchers, Baskets, etc.
ENGLISH HALL CLOCKS,
MAHOGANY AND MARQUETRIE
TEA TABLES.
GEO. E. VERNON & CO.

Fire Insurance.

In these days when the stability of insurance companies is to be tested to the utmost, and many of the weaklings are pretty sure to go out of existence, it is well to patronize only the strongest and the best. The following facts are worth considering:—

The Insurance Company of North America is the oldest in the country, having begun business in the last century. Its total assets according to the last official report were $8,951,515.

The Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford is known throughout the whole country. It has the largest capital and surplus of any company in America and has paid more than $60,000,000 in losses. Total assets, $10,557,197.

The Hartford Insurance Company is the pioneer of the great institutions of that insurance city, and with one exception is next in the amount of its capital and surplus to those already named. Total assets, $6,576,616.

The Royal of England is one of the strongest companies in the world and has assets in America amounting to $6,973,780.

In addition to these the following companies, all strictly first-class, are represented at this agency. It will be seen that there is not one among them of the smaller and weaker corporations.

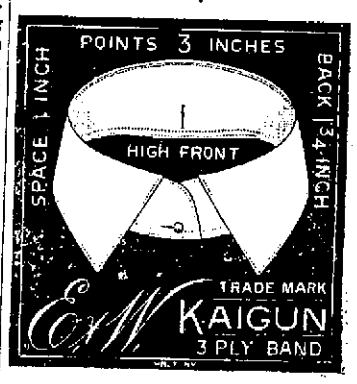
Pennsylvania,	$3,485,110
Connecticut,	2,500,392
Orient of Hartford,	1,977,461
Norwich Union,	1,792,584
Westchester,	1,640,088
Merchants,	1,600,449

Under the present system of rating it costs no more to insure in the best than in the poorest companies. Policies issued and losses adjusted at the Newport office.

L. D. DAVIS, Agent.

SINGLE COPIES OF THE
Newport Journal
Will be sent to any address in the United States or Canada
FREE OF POSTAGE.
Subscriptions or orders for copies may be left at the Daily News office at any time, and will receive attention without further thought on the part of the sender.

A. STEWART & SON'S
Hack, Livery and Boarding Stables,
4 & 11 PELHAM STREET.
First-class horses and carriages to rent by the month; also village and dog carts. One four-horse FIRST-CLASS ENGLISH DRAG for parties at short notice. First-class accommodations for wintering horses at our farm. Terms reasonable. We have just added to our establishment a large CARRIAGE REPOSITORY, and shall have on sale a great variety of fine carriages at reasonable prices.
A. STEWART & SON, 4 & 11 Pelham St.

LATEST OUT.


You can always find a complete line of
Collars and Cuffs
— AT THE —
Newport One Price Clothing Co.

This Morning's News.

To the Associated Press.

CLEVELAND AND HILL.

How Their Chances are Viewed by Washington Men.

Mr. Nettleton's Warning that Immigration Laws Must be Faithfully Carried Out.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—The journey of Hill through the south is being watched with critical attention by the Democratic leaders in both houses of congress. There are too many aspiring presidential possibilities to prevent a certain degree of rivalry and antagonism and this, from this time onward to the convention, will increase among the champions of the other candidates. Senators Carlisle, Vilas and Vest continue to keep up a brisk opposition to the Hill movement and have lost no time in meeting it at every point.

The bringing forward of Carlisle by the Kentuckians is to keep that delegation from getting caught in the drag-net of the Hill managers, which is now being used to haul in the delegates in that section. Senator Vilas insists that he will be able to hold the northwestern delegates in line against Hill, and he claims them for Cleveland. Senator Vest is counting upon keeping the delegates from Missouri and the adjacent states on the south and west out of the Hill ranks. The supporters of ex-President Cleveland place their main reliance upon the delegates from New England and the northwest, and in the following of Carlisle, Boies, Palmer and Gray.

The objective point of the Hill forces is to secure a majority of the delegates by direct support or combinations in order to secure control of the organization of the convention. For this purpose they will require 451 votes. This, they claim, they will be able to get. The contest which is now being carried on within the Democratic ranks is a desperate struggle for advantage of position between the Hill and the Cleveland forces.

AIMED AT MUTINEERS.

Bill Proposing Energetic Measures Introduced by Senator Frye.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—Senator Frye introduced a bill for the punishment of offenses on the high seas. It provides for the punishment by a fine not exceeding $1000 or by imprisonment not exceeding one year or both, of any person not a member of a crew of an American vessel, within the admiralty jurisdiction of the United States and out of the jurisdiction of any particular state, who shall create any riot or disorder or commit any breach of the peace, or resist the crew in the performance of the demands of the officers of a vessel.

Provision is also made for the punishment by a fine not exceeding $1000 or by imprisonment at hard labor not exceeding two years of any person not a member of the crew who shall strike, injure or commit an assault upon any other person on a vessel out of the jurisdiction of the several states, but within the admiralty jurisdiction of the United States. The statutes in regard to mutiny on shipboard are so amended as to provide for the punishment of persons other than the crew who may incite or attempt to incite mutiny on any American vessel on the high seas.

REDUCING EXPENSES.

Items of Interest in the Bill Regarding Diplomats and Consuls.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—The house committee on foreign affairs has completed consideration of the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill, and it will be reported to the house early next week. The bill appropriates $1,514,235, against more than $1,800,000 in the bill of the current year. A part of the saving is due to the fact that the committee did not provide for the Bureau of American Republics and other outgrowths of the Pan-American conference, these being referred to the regular appropriations committee.

The committee consolidated the mission to Peru with that of Bolivia and that to Colombia with that to Ecuador, $10,000 being the salary fixed. Guatemala and Honduras, now one mission, have been divided, and Guatemala united to Venezuela at $7500, and Honduras joined to the mission to Nicaragua, Costa Rica and Salvador. The Danish mission was joined to that of Sweden and Norway and the salary left at $7500. The appropriations for many consulates were reduced.

IMMIGRATION EVILS

Treasury Department Gives Pointers for Agents to Consider.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—Acting Secretary Nettleton has written a letter to Colonel Webber, commissioner of immigration at New York, prohibiting the landing of destitute immigrants upon the simple assurance of certain charitable associations that such immigrants should not become a public charge, was in violation of the plain spirit and meaning of General Nettleton's letter of Dec. 7, discontinuing the landing of destitute immigrants upon bonds, except when authorized by the department.

Colonel Webber claimed that he acted under authority of a letter from the superintendent of immigration, dated Dec. 28 last. General Nettleton, however, declares the superintendent's letter was unauthorized, and says: "Whenever an immigrant is found upon inspection to be likely to become a public charge, you will not land him because of any written or oral assurances of any person or society except upon distinct written authorization from the secretary of the treasury."

SULLIVAN AND CORBETT.

Trainer Muldoon Thinks They Will Meet with Nearly Even Chances.

CORTLAND, N. Y., March 19.—William Muldoon says he is not engaged to train Sullivan or Corbett. He says that while he and Sullivan are not on as friendly terms as formerly, he bears no ill will, and would not do anything injurious to Sullivan's success. He says that Sullivan will have to be in the pink of condition in order to succeed in his fight with Corbett, who is a harder man to handle than Kilrain was at the time of the Mississippi fight.

"At that time," continued Muldoon, "Sullivan was in better condition than ever before, and, I fear, than he ever will be again. I have no doubt that the fight will come off, now that the money is up. I thought all along that Corbett was bluffing, but I am now convinced that he means business. He thoroughly understands the nature of the task before him, and will train for it accordingly. I hope Sullivan will do likewise, but fear he will not get in proper shape."

AN HOUR'S SPEECH

Delivered by Senator Hill to His Admirers in Augusta.

AUGUSTA, Ga., March 19.—Senator Hill's trip from Savannah to Augusta was made in quick time. The road was cleared and the special train was sent through as fast as it could travel. It stopped for a few minutes at Waynesboro. There were about 200 people at the station. A military company drawn up beside the station fired a salute as the train came in, while a band of music played "Dixie." Senator Hill was introduced and made a short speech from the car platform.

The senator arrived at Augusta at 6:15, and was given a rousing welcome. After a short public reception Senator Hill retired to his room until 8:30, when he went to the Opera house, which was filled to the doors when the party arrived. Senator Hill spoke for an hour, and was warmly received.

At the conclusion of his speech, resolutions eulogizing Senator Hill were adopted amid much enthusiasm.

SOUTHERN AGRICULTURISTS

Must Restrict the Production of Cotton or Suffer the Consequences.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—The March report of the department of agriculture shows that the production of cotton of the world exceeded the consumption more than 1,500,000 bales in 1890, and further greatly enlarges the excess in 1891, glutting the markets, increasing visible stocks during the past year more than 1,400,000 bales, and greatly reducing the Liverpool price of middling upland. It states that in two years this country has produced an excess above normal requirements of more than 2,000,000 bales, and indicates a heavy reduction in breadth as the only possible remedy, otherwise the agriculture of the south will suffer worse than western agriculture ever has. It declares that the cotton states must be agriculturally self-sustaining, and that new crops must be introduced, as the agricultural population has outgrown the capacity of cotton to support it.

AN ENCOURAGING OUTLOOK.

Storms Have Caused Trade to Become Dull but Money is Plentiful.

NEW YORK, March 19.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: Storms, bad weather and bad roads have much retarded trade during the past week, reducing the movement of grain and curtailing retail trade in many cities, but nevertheless, reports indicate, on the whole, an improvement in the distribution of goods and a fairly sustained demand, in some branches increasing, for manufactured products. There is no trouble anywhere about money, even at the south, markets being fairly supplied with a light, but rather better demand, while at the west a more active demand is still met by an ample supply. Reports from interior cities are generally more encouraging.

ABEILLE AND MRS. DEACON.

Further Evidence of the "Friendship" Which Existed Between Them.

PARIS, March 19.—Mrs. Deacon is again in Paris, occupying her own house. Her eldest daughter, Andry, has been placed in a convent at Auteuil. It is stated that M. Abeille spent 600,000 francs on Mrs. Deacon during the past year. It is one of the many items of gossip about the case that when told that he was dying, he demanded a pencil and paper and wrote what he intended to be a will, stating his desire that Mrs. Deacon should have 1,000,000 francs, and her youngest child half a million of his property. The child in question is one of whom Abeille is reputed to be the father. M. Abeille's family, it is stated, refused to conform to this dying wish.

In Congress.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—The senate considered the treaty providing for the arbitration of claims of the Venezuela Steamship company against the Venezuelan government for detention of vessels. No action was taken. In the house Representative Williams replied to Walker and scored the oratorical success of the session. The house committe on elections voted to unseat Rockwell, Dem., as representative from the Elmira (N. Y.) district in favor of Noyes, Rep.

Pennsylvania Collieries Shut Down.

MAHANOY CITY, Pa., March 19.—All the collieries in this district, including Mahanoy jig and storage yard, have shut down until further notice. How long the suspension will last is not known. All the other mines throughout the valley received notice to stop work until Monday.

Czar Must Feel Uncomfortable.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 19.—Special precautions have been taken to protect the imperial family in consequence of the receipt of communications from the Paris police stating that Nihilists have prepared to make an attempt to assassinate the CZAR.

First for Many Years.

BERNE, March 19.—The first execution in Switzerland since 1868 took place yesterday at Lucerne. An Italian named Gaytti who murdered Mlle. Degan, a teacher, was guillotined.

An Unprofitable Move.

(Copyright by the New York Associated Press.)

LONDON, March 19.—The leaders among the striking miners privately admit that the strike is a failure. The men have already lost in wages, since they quit work, $2,500,000.

Safe for Travelers.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—The secretary of state has received a dispatch from Mr. Beale, our minister at Teheran, saying that it appears that the recent political disturbances in that country have entirely ceased and that the safety of foreigners there is now assured.

THE STORM BURSTS

Over the Head of Germany's Young Emperor.

Contest Over the Educational Bill Leads to the Threatened Crisis.

BERLIN, March 19.—Chancellor Von Caprivi has resigned.

The Count of Seidlitz and Trutzchler, minister of ecclesiastical affairs and of public instruction, has also tendered his resignation to the Kaiser. He created the education bill from beginning to end, and submitted it to the cabinet in the form in which it was to be presented to the house without any previous consultation with his colleagues, as is customary.

The greatest excitement prevails here, and wild rumors are started hourly as to the progress of affairs between the emperor and cabinet. It is said that the emperor will probably let Count Zedlitz go, but will make every effort to retain Caprivi. Among the Ultramontanes consternation is manifested at the sudden turn of affairs and they threaten that, should Caprivi fall on account of his adherence to the bill, they will bolt the government coalition in both lantag and reichstag. The Independent, National Liberals and Social Democrats are jubilant over the embarrassment of the government and predict that the emperor will be thrown for legislative support on their parliamentary representatives. Such an event would necessitate a complete change of program an abandonment of the present reactionary tendency and the undoing of much paternal legislation of the last two sessions of the reichstag and landtag.

Why He Resigned.

Caprivi offered his resignation as the result of his protracted contest on the educational bill which he, as Prussian premier, had championed from the first. At this moment there is no definite information as to the action on the premier's resignation. It is known that the kaiser has expected for some time a movement of the kind on Caprivi's part, and has also been much disconcerted by the trouble which the educational bill has aroused. The kaiser got out of his bed against the advice of his physicians in order to confront the approaching political storm.

The kaiser himself has earnestly desired to see the educational bill become a law, and was prepared to strain every cord of his influence asking of Prussia to affect its adoption. But the storm of opposition has been gathering in force with every day, and from nearly all of Protestant Prussia has arisen

A Loud and Resolute Protest

against the concessions which the bill proposed to the Roman Catholic faith. The kaiser has been reminded of the devotion of his house to the Lutheran faith, and of the early struggles of Brandenburg in the cause of the reformed religion and of the more recent contest so bitterly maintained between the Roman hierarchy and the Prussian government.

These protests have been brought to bear with even greater force upon the diet, and member after member has deserted the cause of the government. At last within a few days it has become a question whether, in order to drive the bill in its present form through the landtag, the kaiser and Caprivi would not have to alienate the whole Liberal party.

The immediate cause of Caprivi's resignation is said to be that at the cabinet meeting the kaiser substantially stated that he favored a material modification of the education bill. As Caprivi had substantially stated in the landtag that he

Would Stand or Fall by the Bill

as it was, he felt in honor bound to resign. Chancellor Caprivi is known to have in a high degree the soldier's sense of honor and fidelity to his word, and he is not likely to eat his words as Minister von Gossler did. The kaiser is known to be deeply attached to Caprivi, and it is thought that he may insist upon the Conservative and Ultramontane combination in the landtag to pass the bill.

It is remarked that Thursday was the second anniversary of Bismarck's fall from the chancellorship of the empire.

SALISBURY'S ANSWER

On the Behring Sea Matter Soon to Be Presented to the President.

(Copyright by the New York Associated Press.)

LONDON, March 19.—The question of a renewal of the modus vivendi in the Behring sea matter has reached an advanced stage during the week, Sir Julian Pauncefote being charged to state the character of Lord Salisbury's reply to the United States note on Wednesday. In the ministerial circles it is believed that Lord Salisbury continues to contend that a renewal of the modus vivendi under existing conditions is unreasonable. Liberals think that Lord Salisbury wants to leave the Behring sea question in a state that will embarrass the coming Gladstone government.

On the Road to Recovery.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—Secretary Blaine continues to improve, and his physician hopes he will be able to ride out early next week.

Senator Morrill's family are much encouraged over the improvement in his condition, and believe that he has passed the danger line.

Representative Springer sat up for a while yesterday.

Preacher Commits Suicide.

PORTSMOUTH, O., March 19.—Rev. H. D. Benjamin, a prominent minister, was found in his room at Scioto dead, hanging to an iron bracket. Dementia caused by sickness is supposed to be the cause.

CHARGED WITH MURDER.

Hearing in Actor Flannery's Case, for Shooting Fayette Welch.

BOSTON, March 19.—On the night of March 6 an actor named Fayette Welch was killed in the boarding house at 70 Dix place. In the municipal court yesterday there was a hearing in the case of William L. Flannery, the actor who is charged with the murder. The principal witnesses for the government were B. F. Kien and T. G. Shea, who were with Welch at the time of the shooting, Bridget Corrigan and Mr. and Mrs. Albert Stinson, who were with Flannery before the act was committed. They described the occurrence as was published at the time. Medical Examiner Draper testified in regard to the condition of the body of Welch, and four policemen gave supplementary evidence.

At the close of the testimony for the government, no evidence being offered for the defense, N. O. Cunningham, counsel for the defendant, asked the court to reduce the charge from murder to manslaughter, and fix bail. The court, however, said he would not decide so grave a request without some consideration, and said he would give his decision later, when he would also determine whether to bind over the defendant.

AN OLD-TIME THEORY

Put Into Effect to Satisfy a Horrible Superstition.

PROVIDENCE, March 19.—A horrible superstition was put to the test in Exeter. The wife of George T. Brown of that town died of consumption about eight years ago. Six years ago the oldest daughter succumbed to the same disease, leaving the other members of the family in apparently good health. Shortly after a son was taken sick, and went to Colorado about eighteen months ago, with the hope of recruiting his health. During his absence the past winter another daughter, Mercy Lena, passed away, after a few months of sickness.

A few weeks ago the son came back to Rhode Island and is now critically ill. Since that time Mr. Brown has been besieged by a number of people who expressed implicit faith in the old theory that in some part of the deceased relatives' bodies live flesh and blood might be found, which is supposed to feed upon the living who are in feeble health.

Mr. Brown resisted their importunities until Thursday afternoon, when the bodies of the wife and two daughters were exhumed, and an examination had, under the direction of Drs. Metcalf of Wickford. Nothing but skeletons were found of the bodies of the wife and oldest daughter, and after the examination of the body of Mercy Lena, which was buried nine weeks ago, Dr. Metcalf reported the body in a state of natural decomposition. When the heart and liver were removed, a quantity of blood dripped from them, but the doctor said it was nothing unusual. The heart and liver were cremated and the bodies reinterred.

A SKOWHEGAN SENSATION.

A Supposed Bachelor, but Married Many Years, Suddenly Disappears.

SKOWHEGAN, Me., March 19.—Two weeks ago Skowhegan did not contain a more respected citizen than Edward P. Coffin, junior partner in the firm of Merrill & Coffin, attorneys and counselors-at-law. Today the whereabouts of the junior partner are a mystery, and the scandal connected with his name is on every lip.

Everybody supposed that Coffin was a single man, of a character above reproach, and he was paying marked attention to some of the best young ladies of the town. The public, therefore, was astonished when it was announced that for seven years Coffin had been a married man and that his wife lived on the same street with himself, with not a single outside party to even suspect the relation existing between them.

The denouement came early last week. On Tuesday Coffin told his law partner, Mr. Merrill, the story of his marriage. Before he left the office the firm partnership had been dissolved. On Saturday Coffin left town, and not a word has been heard as to his whereabouts.

It is said that he offered his wife $7000 to consent to the indefinite concealment of their true relations, but to no purpose. Since Coffin's departure she has made no move.

Amid all the talk that is being made over the affair, rumors are thick that various transgressions can be laid at Coffin's door of questionable habits that have involved him in several serious situations. That Coffin will never appear to prove the falsity of these statements is the belief of the townspeople whom he has so unceremoniously left.

A "GREEN GOODS" SWINDLER

Comes to Grief Through the Channels of the Postoffice Department.

HARTFORD, March 19.—Daniel J. Deegan of Bristol has been arrested on the charge of using the United States mails for working a device with intent to obtain money by fraud. Deegan had been sending letters to persons all over the country, to whom he represented himself as being in the "green goods" business. He sent a letter to C. W. Meyers of Birmingham, Pa., in which he said he had some counterfeit $2 bills that could not be distinguished from the genuine, and that for $1 he would send some of them. Meyers laid the matter before the postoffice officials, who arranged Deegan's capture. He was placed under $1000 bail, which he furnished.

COMPTROLLER MUST PAY.

School Money Agitation in Connecticut Ended by a Legal Decision.

HARTFORD, March 19.—The supreme court has decided the case of the state vs. Nicholas Stark, state comptroller, in favor of the state. This is the case which was brought to compel the comptroller to draw on the treasurer for the school money for the towns of the state. The towns will be relieved by reason of this decision from the necessity of borrowing several hundred thousands of dollars. The decision settles the case and the comptroller pays.

NO AUTOPSY WILL BE HELD.

Death of Mrs. Wilson, Mother of Ayer's Alleged Parricide.

AYER, Mass., March 19.—Mrs. William Wilson, mother of Charles G. Wilson, is dead. Medical Examiner Hartwell ascribes Bright's disease as the cause of death, and says she may have taken poison, but he does not believe it. No autopsy will be held. Professor Wood of Harvard has not as yet made any report on the death of Mr. Wilson, who was supposed to have been poisoned by his son Charles.

Noted Inventor Dead.

LYNN, Mass., March 19.—Charles J. Van Depoele, the eminent electrician, inventor and pioneer of the electric street railway, died at his home here yesterday afternoon. Mr. Van Depoele was born in Litchtervelde, Belgium, April 27, 1846.

Haverhill's Shoe Trouble.

HAVERHILL, Mass., March 19.—The firm of J. H. Winchell & Co. has purchased another lot of lasting machines and will maintain a free shop. A few union men in other departments left work yesterday, and some new hands were added to fill the places of the discharged men. The International union, has not taken any decided action but it is known that when the union is called upon it will support the lasters.

Found Themselves Locked Out.

PROVIDENCE, March 19.—The Democrats of Lincoln had intended to hold their first town convention in the town hall last night, but when they arrived they found that the Republican majority had locked up the fortress. The minority adjourned to the rooms of the town committee, where speeches denouncing the Republicans' action were made.

Green Ribbons and a Strike.

GOFF'S FALLS, N. H., March 19.—The thirty weavers employed in one room at the Devonshire woolen mills struck because the German overseer tore down, and stamped upon, the green ribbons with which some of the weavers had decorated their looms. They refused to return to work until the overseer is discharged.

Evil Effect of Rum.

HARTFORD, March 19.—Frecerick Meyer, a German farmer of Manchester, hanged himself to the door of a cell at a police station yesterday. He was arrested twice Thursday for drunkenness and it is supposed that he committed the act during a period of despondency. He was 48 years old and a widower.

Business Man Missing.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., March 19.—Hermann Barthelmess, of the firm of Barthelmess & Dundon of this city, has been missing from his home since Wednesday last. No reason can be assigned for his absence. Barthelmess is a member of several German societies and has a family.

Assured of Her Library.

ARLINGTON, Mass., March 19.—Arlington, by the will of Mrs. Maria C. Robbins, who died recently in New York, leaving an estate valued at $2,000,000, receives $10,000, a plot of land and a sufficient sum to complete the public library here, which she had already endowed with $95,000.

A Total Loss.

WALLINGFORD, Conn., March 19.—The factory of M. Backus and Sons, manufacturs of percussion caps, was burned yesterday. The loss is estimated at from $18,000 to $20,000. There was no insurance, the companies refusing the risk, because of the nature of the business.

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."

BEECHAM'S PILLS

(Tasteless—Effectual.)

FOR ALL

BILIOUS and NERVOUS DISORDERS.

Such as Sick Headache, Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Giddiness, Fullness, Swelling after Meals, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Scurvy, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, All Nervous and Trembling Sensations, and Irregularities Incidental to Ladies.

Covered with a Tasteless and Soluble Coating.

Of all druggists. Price 25 cents a Box.

New York Depot, 365 Canal St.

GENERAL CHURCH SERVICES.

[For Special Church Services see 4th page.]

Protestant Episcopal.

TRINITY PARISH, Rev. George J. Magill. Holy Communion at 8.00 o'clock in Kay Chapel; morning service at 10.45, evening at 4 o'clock in Trinity Church Service for Scandinavians at 10.45 A. M. and 8 P. M. in Kay Chapel.

ST. GEORGE'S CHAPEL, Rhode Island avenue, Rev. C. G. Gilliat, D. D. Early celebration at 8 A. M. Services with sermon 10.45 A. M. and 7.30 P. M.

CHAPEL OF ST. JOHN, THE EVANGELIST, Poplar street, Rev. E. L. Buckey. Holy Communion at 7.30. Morning prayer at 10.30; Evensong at 7.30

EMMANUEL CHURCH, Rev. E. H. Porter. Services—Morning, 10.45; evening, 7.30.

ST. MARY'S PARISH, South Portsmouth, Rev. George Herbert Patterson. ST. MARY'S CHURCH, 11 A. M. HOLY CROSS CHAPEL, 2.30 P. M.

ST. COLUMBA'S BERKELEY MEMORIAL CHURCH, Southeast Cliffs, Middletown, Rev. John B. Dilman. Services at 10.30 A. M.; evening prayer at 3.00.

Baptist.

FIRST CHURCH, Rev. E. P. Tuller. Preaching at 10.45 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. MISSION CHAPEL, Tilley avenue, service at 7.30 P. M.

SECOND CHURCH, preaching at 3 and 7.30 P. M.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH, Rev. Warren Randolph, D. D. 10.45 A. M. and 7.30 P. M.

SHILOH CHURCH, Rev. H. N. Jeter. Sermon at 10.45 A. M. and 7.30 P. M.

Methodist Episcopal.

FIRST CHURCH, Rev. W. A. Luce. Sermon at 10.45 A. M. except on first Sunday of month, when communion at 10.15 A. M. and sermon at 7.30.

TRAMER STREET, Rev. G. W. Hunt. Preaching at 3 and 7.30 P. M.

MIDDLETOWN FOUR CORNERS, Rev. J. F. Cooper Preaching at 2.00 P. M. Evening service at 7.00

SWEDISH MISSION, Annandale road, Rev. H Olson. Services at 10.30 A. M. and 7.45 P. M.

MOUNT ZION, Bellevue avenue, Rev. I. S. Yemans. Services at 10.30 A.M., 3 and 8 P.M.

Congregational.

UNITED CHURCH, Rev. Forrest E. Emerson. Preaching at 10.45 A. M. and at 7.30 P. M.

UNION CHURCH, Rev. M. Van Horne. Preaching at 3.00 and 7.30 P. M.

Presbyterian.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Wellington avenue. Rev. J. M. Craig. Preaching at 10.45 A. M.

Roman Catholic.

ST. MARY'S, Rev. Philip Grace, D. D., and Rev. John F. Tully and Rev. James Looby, assistants. Low masses at 7.15 and 9.15; high mass at 10.30 A. M.; vespers at 3 P. M.

ST. JOSEPH'S, Clarke and Touro streets, Rev. James Coyle, Rev. Mortimer G. Downing, assistant. Low masses at 7, 8 and 9; high mass and sermon at 10.30; vespers at 7.30 P. M.

Unitarian.

CHANNING MEMORIAL CHURCH, Rev. George W. Cutter. Morning service at 10.45; evening service at 7.30.

Young Men's Christian Association.

Service at 9.30 A. M. and 6 P. M. at rooms, 165 Thames street.

Friends.

MEETING HOUSE, Marlborough street. Morning service at 10.30.

BETHAN MISSION, 16 Broadway. Services 4 P.M

JAMESTOWN.

ST. MATTHEW'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH—Rev. W. S. Child, S.T.D. Services 7.45, 10.45 A.M., 7.45 P.M.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH Rev. G. B. Smith. Preaching services 11 A. M., 7.45 P. M.

The oldest and most highly recommended cure for **Coughs, Colds and Consumption** is today the well-known and reliable

Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Small size 50 cents; large size $1.00.

CUTLER BROS. & CO., Prop'rs, BOSTON, MASS.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

BARGAINS

ALL THE TIME

FOR THE NEXT TEN DAYS

WE OFFER

A SIX-PIECE

Parlor Suit

With solid black walnut frame finished in crushed plush, consisting of

1 SOFA,
1 DIVAN,
1 PATENT ROCKER,
1 ARM CHAIR,
2 RECEPTION CHAIRS.

ALSO A

BLACK WALNUT MARBLE TOP CENTRE TABLE,

ALL FOR

$45.00.

$10 down. $5 per month

A. C. TITUS & CO.,

225 to 229 Thames Street

The Latest Patterns

OF

Furniture Coverings

AND

PORTIERES.

Also a fine line of TABLES and other Furniture can be found at

J. W. HORTON & CO.'S,

Successors to Hazard & Horton,

No. 42 CHURCH STREET

NOW IS THE TIME TO HAVE YOUR MATTRESSES MADE OVER.

JOHN S. LANGLEY

DEALER IN

FURNITURE

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

FURNISHING UNDERTAKER.

Caskets, Coffins, Robes, etc., furnished at short notice.

Upholstering and Mattress Manufacturer. Draping and Shade Hanging.

16 Franklin Street.

Residence, 1 School Street.

Look Here!

Do you know that

THE WOODLAWN

Stoves and Ranges

Are the BEST in the city? I offer the

Woodlawn Range A,
Woodlawn Grand Range,
Woodlawn Parlor, 3 sizes,
Woodlawn Air Tight, for wood only; it is a beauty. Call and see it.

All of the above stoves and ranges are first class in every particular and prices are as low as the lowest. Also a large lot of low-priced and second-hand stoves on hand.

JAMES F. MARDEN.

328 Thames Street.

SEASONABLE NOTES.

New York shops are full of new goods of all descriptions. An excellent place to get an idea of what is the freshest and choicest in new materials is at Madame Kate Reilly's. This house imports only enough of any material to make one gown or costume. The variety found therefore in an establishment of this size is great. Bengalines have been popular on account of their quality of draping gracefully, and shot silks on account of their beauty. The manufactures have made a combination, and we now have shot bengalines. A silk of the changeable order has broad stripes, in one case green and old rose with narrow stripes of pink and yellow satin at intervals. This is very rich in effect. A blue and white striped silk has a peculiar ornamentation in what appears to be a narrow row of black thread lace where the stripes touch, lapping on each color. This is stamped on the silk. A wild-rose silk is handsome in dark blue with the single open flowers in pink and white dropped on at wide intervals, and a sprinkling of rose petals between. There are quantities of the tucked and fulled materials like muslins striped with fulled satin, and checked canvas yellow, white and black with tiny tucks, and woolens with velvet pleats.

The costumes just received at Madame Reilly's show no great changes in styles, in the main points. The skirts are chiefly of the gored bell shape, the bodices round and worn with girdles. The Russian blouse is quite frequent and Russian fancies as square yokes and horizontal lines in trimmings on the bodice. The Watteau styles re-appear in a very dainty guise.

A pink embroidered crepon has a round bodice with collar, girdle and bands on the front, of white satin covered with an intricate pattern worked out in sequins blue in tone. The skirt has a little fullness at the top at the sides held by slanting rows of shirring. There are bands of white lace down the skirt at intervals, and in the back a dainty little Watteau pleat that is to be caught to the bodice.

A very handsome gown is of leaf brown crepon with narrow bagadere stripes of mauve chenille. The skirt is edged with mauve and leaf brown moss trimming, and the bodice finished with mauve moire silk and ribbons. The sleeve is full to the elbow with long, close cuff.

A gown of plaid goods has the bodice of velvet with girdle of the plaid, full sleeves of the wool with velvet cuffs, and the bottom of the plaid skirt edged with folds of velvet and the plaid wool.

A gown of spot pink beige is of the Russian type. The skirt is plain, edged with a band of soft gray like the skin of a mouse, the selvedge of the goods. The bodice of the pink is covered with a Russian blouse of delicate white lace. This is further decorated with a passementerie of gold and jet. The sleeves are of the pink beige, full to the elbow whence there is a very full fall of the lace. This gown has a Watteau back, the slight pleat caught just below the high collar of gold and jet. It makes a charming costume.

The Zouave jackets are seen on some costumes over vests of very vivid and fancy striped silks. A pretty dress is of heliotrope and olive silk with white dots. This has a yoke of velvet and trimming of passementerie made to match the color of the costume.

The spring wraps are beautiful garments. Nothing is more elegant than the half-long coats closely fitting in the back, and with loose fronts sometimes opening over vests. One of fraise cloth is lined with the richest shot silk, fraise and green. The sleeve of this has a flaring cuff turned up just below the elbow and below a deep full puff of the handsome lining silk with a deep side pleating the same falling over the hand. Another elegant coat is of blue cloth and the front opens over a vest trimmed with gold and black galloon covered with jet. This coat has a yoke of white lace. The fine lines of these garments is their chief beauty, but there is a world of taste displayed in the choice of trimmings and colors.

Perhaps the prettiest little garment in the place, certainly one that it would be difficult to surpass in elegance and richness, is a shoulder cape, a dream of a thing with suggestions of French court days of two hundred and more years since, of grand dames and grand fetes. It is a jaunty little affair, indescribable as to shape, but rather short and full, rounding down in the middle of the front and back, and directly over the arms. The foundation is of rich old brocaded silk, high colored flowers on a white ground. This is lined with a pale green silk of a peculiar tint. The brocade is entirely veiled by a fall of filmy, white lace. A yoke is defined by a narrow ruche of black lace, and a similar ruche edges the neck and bottom of the fascinating little garment.

THE THEATRE FRANCAIS.

La Maison de Moliere is the proud and affectionate title which the comedians give to the Comedie Francaise, that noble monument where the glory of Moliere is enshrined. The House of Moliere is indeed the house of a grand seigneur, with its staircases adorned with statues, its sumptuous saloons, its galleries of statuary and paintings, its thousand souvenirs and relics of the past that bear witness to a long and illustrious lineage. It is unlike any other theatre. In the vestibule the exhibition of the art-treasures of the house begins. It is a rotunda with vaulted roof, walls covered with mirror glass, and staircases radiating on either hand. In the centre is a marble statue by David d'Angers, representing Talma in the costume and attitude of a Cæsar, studying a *role*. On each side of Talma is an allegorical statue, "Tragedy," by Thomas, and "Comedy" by Duret, the former recalling the features of Mlle. Rachel and the latter those of Mlle. Mars. Near by is Clesinger's statue of Rachel impersonating the tragic muse, with sinister mien and a poignard in her hand. Around the walls are busts innumerable, and in the second vestibule at the entrance on the side of the Place du Palais Royal, seated in niches that are softly lighted at night by two modest reflectors, are the tutelary geniuses of the house, Corneille and Moliere, by Falguière and Audran.

Let us mount the grand staircase, with its fine caryatides by Carrier-Belleuse, its admirable balustrade, and its grandoise architectural lines. At the top we turn to the left and find ourselves in the public foyer, which has the appearance of a magnificent princely salon. In this room are some masterpieces of sculpture, notably Caillerl's bust of Rotrou and Houdon's Voltaire. On one side of the monumental chimneypiece is a bust of Molière, and on the other a bust of Pierre Corneille, while in front of each of the sixteen fluted pilasters that panel the walls of the room is the marble bust of some celebrated author of the past, signed by Houdon, Cailleri, Pajou, Bolzot, etc., an admirable series which is continued along the adjoining gallery, at the end of which we admire a seated figure of Georges Sand by Clesinger. This public crush-room and the gallery that runs along the façade of the theatre constitute the Museum of the Comedie Francaise so far as concerns the public. As Arsène Houssaye has remarked, the gallery of busts is the Elysian Fields of the Dramatic Muse, a promenade full of souvenirs and of symbols, of great names and of glorious talents:—Dancourt, Le Sage, J. B. Rousseau, Diderot, Sedaine, De Belloy, Beaumarchais, Colin d'Harleville, Scribe, Alfred de Musset, Ponsard, Marivaux. The assembly is mixed; the sculptors, too, are of unequal talent, for while Cailleri signs J. B. Rousseau and De Belloy, the amiable Mlle. Dubois-Dayesne signs the effigies of Scribe and Marivaux.—[Theodore Child, in the Magazine of Art for April.

LAUGHING GAS.

Nitrous oxide or laughing gas was first discovered by an English chemist named Priestley in 1776. Primarily it was used in exhibitions for the purpose of producing the peculiar exhilarating effect which it has upon some natures when inhaled in small quantities, and which is the reason for its being known the world over as "laughing gas." Sir Humphrey Davy suggested a century ago that it might be used in surgical operations where there was no great effusion of blood; but, until 1844, little, if any, further attention was paid to it. On the 10th of December, 1844, there was given at Hartford, Conn., an exhibition of the effects of laughing gas. This exhibition was merely for the sake of making money, and its promoters had not the remotest intention of enlightening the public on the scientific possibilities of nitrous oxide. Curiosity led Dr. Horace Wells, a dentist residing in the city, to go and see the fun. After the exhibition Dr. Wells and some of his friends inhaled the gas themselves. One gentleman named Cooly, on being brought under its influence, became unusually excited and performed a number of involuntary evolutions and gyrations which brought him in contact with the benches and floor in such a manner as to bruise and otherwise injure him. Dr. Wells inquired if he suffered pains from his wounds. Cooly appeared surprised and was not aware that he had been hurt until he saw the blood trickling down his legs. It was at that moment the idea occurred to Dr. Wells that a man could, by inhaling a sufficient quantity of nitrous oxide gas, be rendered sufficiently unconscious to have a tooth extracted without feeling any pain whatever. Putting his theory into practice, the next day he himself inhaled sufficient gas to render him unconscious, and permitted a brother dentist, Dr. Riggs (since deceased), to extract a great molar. On recovering consciousness Wells exclaimed "A new era in tooth pulling; it did not hurt as much as the prick of a pin." This was the first operation ever performed under the influence of nitrous oxide or any other anaesthetic. Previous to this time no person had ever yet inhaled a sufficient quantity to produce insensibility. Having now established the fact that the gas could be safely used and teeth extracted for people under its influence, Drs. Wells and Riggs commenced using it in Hartford, and extracted thousands of teeth without the slightest accident ever occuring. In 1847 Dr. Wells unfortunately directed his attention to the study of chloroform and ether, believing that they were better adapted for the purpose than nitrous oxide. In the following year he fell ill from the effects of experimenting upon himself, and died a martyr to science on the 24th of January, 1848, at thirty-three years of age, when the medical world was about to pay him the honors his labors merited. After his death the gas was not generally used for some years, but was finally taken up by dentists and physicians all over the country.—[Nature.

COFFEE AND ITS USES.

Writing on coffee and its uses in the Independent, Katherine Armstrong says:—This delicious berry can be utilized in many ways besides for the "morning cup." It is a pleasant, agreeable change in flavoring for ices, creams, jellies and the like, and it has medicinal properties as well. It is a tonic if only reasonably and sensibly indulged in, but like all other drinks it can be abused in its use. Too much or too strong coffee causes palpitation of the heart and often more serious trouble with that organ. A clear, strong infusion is often prescribed by physicians as a sedative, and it is a powerful one; but the same cup, with milk or cream added, is at once changed in its chemical properties and becomes a genuine stimulant instead. To make a perfect cup of coffee is a simple process, if we have proper implements and the very best materials for it. According to our own experience it ruins coffee to boil it, for thereby it parts with its delicious aroma.

Professor Blot, or some other famous chef, says by boiling it "the aroma can be found in the attic," while presumably the dregs only are left for drink. We believe all admit that a mixture of one-third Mocha and two-thirds Java makes the best coffee. It should be well and evenly roasted and recently and finely ground, and then the pot used that filters the boiling water upon the coffee, while it drains it clear as crystal for use at the same time. The pot is comparatively a recent invention, but judged by the coffee and experience it stands at the head on its own merits; the whole principle is sound and correct. The boiling water must pass through all the coffee and at once thereafter be cleared to be perfect. Few, we imagine, use the repulsive old way of using fish skin or egg shells or even eggs nowadays to clear their coffee. We have heard it said this new invention requires more coffee for a satisfactory cup than some of the old ways, but who that loves good coffee cares for a little difference? It is a true old adage, and true here, too, that "if we expect to have a good horse we must feed him well." A little coffee mill for home use is about an indispensable. Coffee should be ground, and finely ground, shortly before it is used. Sometimes such a mill becomes clogged by particles of coffee that adhere to the inside. In such a case a handful of raw rice put in and ground will clean it perfectly. We know it is clear coffee, not adulterated, if ground in our own kitchen.

One trouble with the world is that so many have more reputation than character.—[Ram's Horn.

Don't boast too much of your "strong points." A knot in the wood is its hardest part, and yet is the first to show a defect.—[Puck.

Further Local News 5th and 8th page

Bric-a-Brac.

EVENTIDE.

Softly o'er the peaceful vale
Twilight shadows fall;
In his copse the nightingale
To his mate doth call.

Snowy mists, like phantoms, glide,
O'er the meadows green;
Hills and distant mountains hide
In their silvery sheen.

Gold and crimson slowly fade
From the western sky:
Cloudlets melt in purple shade,
Darkness draweth nigh.

One by one in azure space,
Kindling watch-fires gleam;
Mirrored in the lake's clear face—
Angel eyes they seem.

Birdlings sleep in leafy nest,
Velvet buds are still;
Nature's voice is hushed to rest
By the murmuring rill.

Gentle zephyrs whisper low,
Where the moonbeams hide;
Cometh rest to all below
With the eventide.

—[Washington Star.

FANCIES.

When eggs were placed in the new tariff, it was with a patriotic desire to throw off the foreign yoke.—[Boston Transcript.

Affectionate wife—"John, you are just killing yourself working so hard."

Toiling husband—"Well, we've got to live."—[New York Press.

Lady (to her legal friend)—"You won't charge for a question, I hope?"

Lawyer—"Oh, no—only for the answer."—[Fliegende Blatter.

"Shave, Sir?" asked the barber of the bald-headed man.

"No," retorted the sarcastic patient. "I came here for a little conversazione."—[Puck.

Old gentleman (opening parlor door just as the young man stole a kiss)—"Well, I am surprised!"

Young man (confused)—"So am I."—[Harper's Bazar.

A church in Lancaster, Pa., offered a medal to every person who did not miss a church or Sunday-school service during the year. One medal was awarded, and the janitor got it.—[Lowell Courier.

Mrs. Winks (looking up from the paper)—"Here is a woman shot a burglar and killed him."

Mr. Winks—"Well! Well! What was she aiming at?"—[New York Weekly.

"That's a beautiful overcoat you have on. How much did it cost you?"

"Twenty-five cents."

"Why, how was that?"

"Oh, the confounded tailor sent it home by express and I had to pay the freight."—[Brooklyn Life.

First customer—"I wish to select a vase."

Floor walker—"Yes, madam. James, show the lady to the crockery department."

Second customer—"I wish to select a vawz."

Floor walker—"Yes, madam. George, show the lady to the bric-a-brac department."—[New York Weekly.

PERSONALS.

....Isaac Richards of East Machias, Me., who lacks a few months of being ninety-nine years of age, is said to be the oldest pensioner of the War of 1818. He is slightly deaf, but otherwise his faculties are unimpaired. He lives in the same house with children, grandchildren and great-grandchildren.

....Dr. Ewald Flugel, who has been engaged to teach English in the new Leland Stanford, Jr., University, is noted throughout Germany as a professor of English philology and as the scholarly editor of the Anglia a periodical devoted to English studies. He has "winged" his way, so to speak, into fame for his high scholarship.

....The Colored Baptist Society in Washington has paid the wife of Senator Stanford the highest of compliments, on account of her friendship for the poor and oppressed. The church has changed its name from the "Mount Bethel" to the "Jane L. Stanford" Baptist Church, in her honor. In asking her permission to do so, the committee says:—"No pecuniary consideration actuates our action."

....During part of the time spent by the late Edwards Pierrepont in England as the American minister, his son Edward was with him, and, in preparation for a course at Yale, the latter had for a tutor a Mr. Seymour, a clergyman, then rector of Holme-Pierrepont. One Sunday student and pastor attended service and were on there way home when Mr. Seymour, scandalized at the spectacle of eleven barelegged men about to run a race, commanded them to desist. One of the racers thereupon assaulted the clergyman, and young Pierrepont, in spite of the odds against him, knocked first one and then another of the gang down. Pierrepont himself was felled by a third ruffian, but picked himself up and renewed the contest, with only one other man—not his tutor—to assist him. Subsequently, when brought into court, the sports expressed great admiration for the American minister's son, who was then but seventeen years of age.

A SWEDISH NOVELIST.

Mme. Flyggare-Carlen, the Swedish novelist, who has just died, was a writer whose works were once translated for this country and republished here. Frederika Bremer was the rage among American readers early in the 1840's. Mary Howitt had translated her books charmingly in England, and they were issued here, not only in Mrs. Howitt's form, but in translations of our own. Miss Bremer continued to be strongly the literary fashion for several years, and this lady herself came among us to enjoy her triumphs. Her success directed attention to the writings of Miss Carlen, who was her contemporary in Sweden. The latter proved to be rather more interesting in her plots, but she put less of the charm of character depiction into her work. Miss Carlen's books had some sale, but did not rival Miss Bremer's in popularity. Swedish literature was then quite a fad here. It died out after a time. Even Miss Bremer's books are practically forgotten, and in the notices of Miss Carlen's death in the literary quarters it seems to have gone out of mind that she was ever read in American translations.—[Boston Herald.

THE ELECTRICAL INDUSTRY.

New Bedford's electrical industry, the Jenney Star Electric Company, is building up a prosperous business at its works on North Front street. The motors and generators manufactured are meeting with marked favor wherever used, and at a recent test by electrical experts in Boston, the results were pronounced a most surprising revelation. For the power applied the potential generated was far ahead of other machines. This fact coupled with the simplicity of the Jenney machine's construction makes them of much favor. The company has just put in at the works of the Wilson & Knapp Manufacturing Co., in Odd Fellows Building, a motor to run the elevator. The company is contemplating an increase of its capital stock to establish the concern here on a more substantial basis.—[The Standard.

THE CRY OF THOUSANDS.

If it Hits You, Well and Good.

"What's the matter?"

"I don't know. I feel nervous and queer, don't sleep well, lost my appetite, am blue and depressed."

This is the cry of thousands. Sick and do not know what is the matter.

IT IS NERVOUS WEAKNESS AND STOMACH TROUBLE.

Never mind how you got them, whether from Spring Debility, weakness following the Grip, overwork, strain on the nerves, dissipation, &c—what you want is a cure. Go to your druggist's and purchase for $1 Dr. Greene's Nervura, the best regulator of the stomach, liver and bowels, and the greatest known tonic, invigorator and strengthener for the nerves. **It will surely make you feel yourself again.** Purely vegetable and harmless.

"I was a bad sufferer from dyspepsia and indigestion, my blood was poor and my nerves very weak, which affected my heart. I was in a bad way with these complaints; SO ONE SUFFERED MORE THAN I DID. I tried most everything, **but nothing did me good until I took Dr. Greene's Nervura.** It is certainly a fine medicine and perfectly cured me.

DAVID H. KEATING,
1019 Pennsylvania av., Baltimore, Md."

☞Dr. Greene, the successful specialist, in curing all forms of nervous and chronic diseases, 34 Temple pl., Boston, Mass., can be consulted FREE, personally or by letter. Call or write to him about your case or send for symptom blank to fill out, and a letter fully explaining your disease, giving advice, &c., will be returned free.

(Trade-Mark)

P. & P.

KID GLOVES

PERFECT FITTING
THE NEWEST SHADES
THE LATEST STYLES
THE MOST DURABLE
THE BEST WORKMANSHIP.

THEREFORE

ALWAYS SATISFACTORY

Every pair guaranteed.
None genuine unless stamped "P. & P."
FOR SALE AT THE BEE HIVE.

EDWARD P. MARSH,

Funeral Director

AND EMBALMER,

101 & 103 Thames Street.

Residence, 14 Everett street.
Night bell at office.
Telephone Calls, { Office, 6,555-4. Residence, 6,739-4.
Experienced woman as assistant when desired.

Full Line of Samples

—OF—

Custom Order Clothing

—FROM—

Geo. W. Simmons & Co., Boston,

NOW OPEN AT

BENNETT'S,

Next Caswell, Massey & Co.'s.

Choicest assortment we ever received.

SUITS, $15, $18, $22, $24 to $35.
TROUSERS, $5, $6, $7, $8 to $10.

We have begun taking orders. Make your selection while the line is unbroken. We guarantee satisfaction or no sale. Can save you money on custom tailors' prices.

Attractive Homes

—AT—

Harrington Park,

BERGEN COUNTY, NEW JERSEY

On the West Shore R. R.,
17 Miles from New York.

Lots are offered for sale from five to ten cents per square foot. Property is carefully restricted. For further particulars application may be made personally or by letter to

J. EDWARD GILES,
125 East Sixteenth Street, New York.

YOU CAN GET

Those beautiful, luxurious sofas and chairs upholstered in hair in the best manner and covered in any material wanted at very low prices at 30 Mill street. GEO. NASON

WE HAVE RECEIVED OUR

Fall and Winter Stock of Trouserings,

Suitings, Cloths for Dress Suits and Overcoatings.
Now is the time to prepare for winter.

William C. Langley & Son, Merchant Tailors, 174 & 176 Thames Street.

CLOTHING.

SPRING Overcoatings!

ALL THE NEWEST SHADES AND WEAVES

MADE UP BY

OTTO

No. 244 THAMES STREET.

NEW

WINTER GOODS.

HENRY D. SPOONER,

200 THAMES STREET.

We are offering a

SPECIALLY SELECTED STOCK OF

NECKWEAR,

Silk Mufflers, Silk Handkerchiefs, Silk Gloves and Mitts, Kid Gloves, Umbrellas, etc., all at lowest prices.

McLennan Bros.,

184 Thames Street.

Established in 1882.

Donato Russo,

Merchant Tailor, No. 6 Broadway,

Foreign and Domestic Woolens.
Great reduction to make way for Spring Goods.
Society Uniforms a Specialty.
Full Line Gentlemen's Furnishings.

JOHN O'CONNOR,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

333 Thames Street,

Branch of 926 6th Avenue, New York, is showing an elegant line of

Foreign and Domestic Woolens

For men's wear. Prices moderate. Pantaloons a specialty.

ORANGES,

Nuts, Raisins,
Apples, Lemons,
Dates and Figs

—AT—

WILLIAMSON'S,

296 & 298 Thames Street.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

SHOES

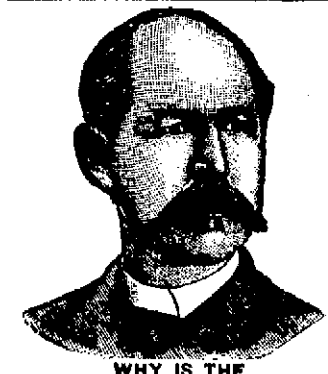
FOR EVERYBODY.

PRICES

TO SUIT EVERYBODY,

—AT—

SEABURY'S, 214 Thames St.



WHY IS THE

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN

THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY!

It is a seamless shoe, with no tacks or wax thread to hurt the feet; made of the best fine calf, stylish and easy, and because we make more shoes of this grade than any other manufacturer, it equals hand-sewed shoes costing from $4.00 to $5.00.

$5.00 Genuine Hand-sewed, the finest calf shoe ever offered for $5.00; equals French imported shoes which cost from $8.00 to $12.00.

$4.00 Hand-Sewed Welt Shoe, fine calf, stylish, comfortable and durable. The best shoe ever offered at this price; same grade as custom-made shoes costing from $6.00 to $9.00.

$3.50 Police Shoe, Farmers, Railroad Men and Letter Carriers all wear them; fine calf, seamless, smooth inside, heavy three soles, extension edge. One pair will wear a year.

$2.50 fine calf; no better shoe ever offered at this price; one trial will convince those who want a shoe for comfort and service.

$2.25 and **$2.00** Workingman's shoes are very strong and durable. Those who have given them a trial will wear no other make.

Boys' $2.00 and $1.75 school shoes are worn by the boys everywhere; they sell on their merits, as the increasing sales show.

Ladies $3.00 Hand-sewed shoe, best Dongola, very stylish; equals French imported shoes costing from $5.00 to $6.00.

Ladies' **2.50, $2.00 and $1.75** shoe for Misses are the best fine Dongola. Stylish and durable.

Caution.—See that W. L. Douglas' name and price are stamped on the bottom of each shoe.

☞TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.☜
Insist on local advertised dealers supplying you.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by

J. M. SWAN, 168 Thames Street.

COAL AND WOOD.

1,500 tons

—OF—

W. A. COAL,

OF ALL SIZES,

now on the way and discharging for

Gardiner B. Reynolds & Co.

ANTHRACITE COAL, RED AND WHITE

ASH OF THE BEST QUALITY

of all sizes and well screened, at the

Lowest Market Prices.

Also Oak, Maple and Pine Wood Kindlings.

W. J. SWINBURNE,

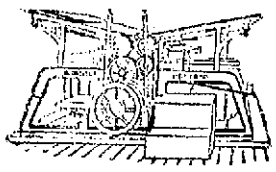
173 THAMES STREET.
Telephone.

PRINTING AT DAILY NEWS JOB OFFICE.

NEWPORT DAILY NEWS AND THE NEWPORT JOURNAL.

T. T. PITMAN, PROPRIETOR.

Office, 207 Thames Street.



The first edition of the Daily News is printed in season for the early afternoon train and is for sale at the counter and on the streets.

The second edition contains the latest telegraphic and local news, and is delivered by office carriers upon streets within the limits of Bellevue avenue on the north, Channing avenue on the east and Narragansett avenue on the south at $6 a year or 50 cents a month. This edition is also on sale at the railroad stations and steamboat landings.

The Newport Journal contains the best after in the Daily News each week, and will be sent to any address in the United States, postage paid, for $2 a year in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Ordinary Advertisements, $1 a square for the first insertion and 25 cents for each continuance. Ten lines, or less, nonpareil type (or five-sixths of an inch) make a square. Advertisements of five lines or less are taken at about one half of these rates. A discount is allowed on all advertisements ordered in the Daily for more than one week, or when both papers are used.

Yearly or Term Advertisers are limited to their immediate business, are guaranteed but five insertions in a week and are allowed twenty-five changes a year. Electrotypes will be used without extra charge if solid metal; "wood backs" cannot be used with safety to the press.

Advertisers using both the **daily** and **weekly** papers receive a discount on the combined rates and gain the advantage of distinct classes of readers, no person reading the daily and weekly also. The Journal goes among people who read no other local paper.

The second edition of the News is on sale by the following newsdealers, and others:—

Chas H. Kenney, 72 Spruce street.
W. H. Harris, Elm street.
Michael Leary, 168 Broadway.
Theodor Bigalke, Broadway.
C. T. Sterne, Washington square.
B. W. Pearce, Thames street.
Miss McGowan, 156 Bellevue avenue.
W. P. Clarke, 261 Thames street.
Joseph W. Gash, 42 Thames street.
Mrs. M. E. Crocker, 485 Thames street.
J. H. Tefft, Jamestown.

PRINTING.

The News has six steam presses and has a large and well-appointed job printing office. All orders for work in this department will be promptly filled and at reasonable prices.

Newport Daily News

SATURDAY, MARCH 19, 1892.

TELEPHONE CALLS.

Business Office,	6617-2
Editorial and Reportorial Rooms,	6617-3

THE WATER WORKS QUESTION.

The people of Newport were quite taken by surprise at the announcement that the City Council last evening, decided to take the back track on the water works issue as it had been presented to the General Assembly. The affair came with such suddenness, and was so entirely unexpected, that no one seems to know just what is intended. That the members of the council did not give the matter very careful attention is evident from the statement, if it be true, that the members did not know, in advance, the purpose for which they were called together, and were not informed until after the meeting was opened for business. Even then, there was little or no discussion. But Mayor Honey in his communication made it apparent that nothing was to be hoped for from the hearings before the legislative committee and any subsequent action of the state law makers. He virtually charges that through political alliances it is impossible to obtain unbiassed action by the General Assembly, and that further attempts in that direction are practically useless. And so he proposes to withdraw the petitions and take the issue afresh before the people at the coming election. He says in his communication:—"Nothing short of repeated defeats at the polls will, in my judgment, destroy the alliance between the water works and the leaders of the Republican party and finally give our people a relief from the tyranny of a monopoly which appears to control all of the present governmental machinery which is in the hands of that party."

From this summing up it would appear that the Mayor proposes as already suggested to transfer the Water Works fight from the legislature to the people. Those who suppose that he has abandoned the contest are evidently mistaken. The *coup* is merely a change of base. The battle is still on, and it is on this issue that the coming election in this city is to turn. That at least is the way it looks to those who more carefully consider the situation in its present aspects. Instead of fighting the battle before a hostile legislature, Mayor Honey chooses to wage the battle here at home in the primary elections. And so the Water Works question is to be made more than ever a political issue. There is no good reason why Democrats should be all on one side and Republicans all on the other in such a case, and it is quite probable that the voters will not be marshaled strictly in such lines. By this arrangement, Newport politics will be greatly intensified this spring, not altogether on old party lines but with reference to the local interests involved. The stake is a large one and the game will be shrewdly played on both sides.

WILL NOT EXHIBIT.

Mayor Sargent of New Haven, head of the large iron company of that city, says his works will not exhibit at the World's Fair because the high cost of raw material in the United States makes it useless for him to bid for international trade. He says:—

We pay $6 or $7 more for pig-iron in this country than do our English competitors. We also pay 50 per cent. more for wrought iron. Steel also is higher. Lead, of which we use a great deal, is double the price here that it is in London. Spelter, too, is nearly double the price. Copper is also higher, and all these metals we use in our business. That is why we cannot afford to exhibit at the World's Fair.

Mayor Sargent as a large iron manufacturer, ex-Governor Ames the shovel maker, and Congressman Stevens the largest wooden manufacturer in the country all agree that the present tax on raw materials is ruining their business. Whatever benefit it may confer on other sections, it is clear that the present tariff is crippling New England industries and greatly injuring the mill owners by driving them out of the world's markets, as stated by Mayor Sargent. As a necessary result the working people are thrown out of employment or compelled to submit to a cut in wages, such as has just been forced upon them in Somerset. As a matter of fact, labor is more poorly rewarded in nearly all the manufacturing centres now than it was before the passage of the McKinley bill. Whoever else may have been benefited by the increased taxation it is clear that no part of the profit has fallen to the workingmen.

ABSOLUTISM AND PHILANTHROPY.

Russia is a queer country and its government is the most offensive relic of absolutism and tyranny on earth. The Czar will not allow the uninterrupted flow of supplies from the outside world which are contributed to his famine stricken people. And what is more, while thousands are perishing through starvation the monster proceeds calmly to add to the general distress by persecuting the Jews, many of whom were already on the verge of dispair. Even Count Tolstoi, who had been so indefatigable in organizing the distribution of relief, has been ordered to return to his estate, because a letter of his urging assistance upon the English people painted the distress in darker colors than was agreeable to the Czar. Because the philanthropist, whose word multitudes in the civilized world trusted and whose relief work seemed to them a guarantee of an honest administration of their charity, told the truth he was shut up on his estate, and the grinding, crushing famine goes on, though other relief agencies are at work and the government is seeking, so it is claimed in despatches to the outside world, to be giving relief through the employment of large numbers of peasants in various kinds of public works.

But in spite of all the barrenness and meanness displayed by the government the work of relief is successfully carried forward. The steamship Indiana, bearing a cargo from Philadelphia, and accompanied by a committee of citizens to co-operate with Russian authorities in its distribution, has reached its destination, and was received with a warm official welcome. It will be shipped in 220 Russian car-loads to 10 provinces, containing 45 districts and will be of inestimable service. The Czar doubtless wishes his subjects well, but he is too narrow minded and too arrogant to be able to meet the demands upon him. A revolution is needed in Russia, and yet it might make matters worse instead of better. The peasants are not fitted for self government and never will be under present processes and the overthrow of one tyrant would quite likely only make room for another.

The Washington correspondent of the New York Herald suggests the possibility of two Presidential tickets in the field this year, endorsed by Democrats. "Startling as the suggestion may seem," he says, "it is not improbable that some action of this sort may be taken. If the Democratic House passes, by a substantial majority, a free silver bill, and if this action be followed by the insertion of a free silver plank in the Chicago platform, it is not improbable that the year 1892 may witness a repetition of the political events of 1860, when two Democratic candidates contended for victory, not alone against each other, but against the candidates of the Republican and Whig parties as well." The correspondent admits that no concerted action looking to a nomination, other than that to be made at Chicago in June, has yet been made, but he is assured that leading anti-silver Democrats of the House are considering the advisability of such a course as the only means of correctly defining their position on this great question. It is contended in support of such a movement that it is the only alternative for the Democrats who cannot conscientiously support the tariff views of the Republicans and the advanced views of the free silver men in their own party.

The death is announced of Rev. Alanson P. Mason, D. D., of Chelsea, one of the most prominent Baptist clergymen in New England. He was born in Cheshire, Mass., January 19, 1813, graduated from Madison, now Colgate, University, in 1836, and was first settled as pastor in Webster, N. Y. He afterwards served as pastor at Clockville, Groton, Binghampton and Williamsburg in New York state, and at Fall River and Chelsea, Mass. At the last place he remained for thirteen years, and when he left that church it was to become the district secretary for New England of the American Baptist Home Mission Society. At the time of his death he was in the twenty-sixth year of his service as secretary. He received the honorary degree of D. D. from Colgate University in 1859, and he was for several years a member of the Board of Overseers of Harvard College. It is said that his mission work had carried him into every town and hamlet of New England.

The Baltimore Journal of Commerce suggests that the principal boards of trade and commercial bodies of the United States unite in tendering to Hon. Whitelaw Reid, upon his return to the country, a complimentary banquet as an appropriate manifestation of his course as minister to France. The Journal says:—"The interesting zeal of Mr. Reid in the promotion of measures for an increased trade between the two republics, has attracted universal attention and added to his well merited popularity among his fellow countrymen. His services alone in having the markets of France opened to American pork entitle him to a high place in the esteem of American exporters and the trade generally. Many other matters of great importance to both countries have also been proposed and satisfactorily arranged by Minister Reid."

The House committee on elections, by a vote of 7 to 1, has decided favorably upon the contest of Mr. Noyes, Republican, for the seat in Congress from the Elmira, New York district, occupied by Mr. Rockwell, Democrat. The vote consisted of three Democrats and four Republicans in favor of ousting Noyes, and one Democrat against it. The action of the committee has created considerable excitement in Washington. It is not, however, the impartiality of the committee that excites comment, but it is the fact that this emphatic vote was intended, by the three Democrats at least, to express their disapproval of the efforts made by Senator David B. Hill to save his friend and follower Rockwell, which they characterize in severe language.

The recent census of New York state shows a population of 6,470,731, against 5,997,853, by the United States enumeration in 1890, a gain of 481,877 in eighteen months. Of the fifty nine counties thirty-two show a gain, and twenty-seven a loss in population. Among this latter class are the large farming districts. The greatest gains are in New York and Kings counties, the former's being 280,539 and the latter's, in which Brooklyn is located, 149,539. The total census of the penal and other institutions of the state is placed at 70,054. It includes 4,098 inmates of state prisons, 16,800 insane, 1,473 idiots, 476 epileptics, 691 blind, 1,940 deaf, 29,732 dependent children, 4,885 juvenile offenders, 1,535 in reformatories, 812 disabled soldiers and sailors, 5,018 in hospitals, 7,461 aged and friendless persons and 16,637 in poorhouses.

A New York man has taken a contract to pump out a lake in Michigan. The depth of the lake is 43 feet and the estimated amount of water is 180,000,000 gallons, and the work is to be completed by the end of the month. The lake belongs to two mining companies which thus hope to reach large beds of iron ore beneath the water.

Politics in the town of Lincoln are conducted on a pretty low plane. The latest feat was locking the Democrats out of the hall in which they had advertised their meeting and thus compelling them to adjourn until Monday evening. Such tricks may be funny, but they don't pay.

Daniel Lothrop, head of the well known Boston publishing house died last night. He belonged to one of the most noted New England families. He was the founder of Wide Awake, Babyland, Our Little Men and Women, The Pansy and the Chautauqua Young Folks Journal.

No tidings have yet been received of the schooner Tecumseh which has been out nearly four weeks on a trip from Chesapeake to Boston. The vessel is one of the newest and best of the Taunton fleet of schooners.

The politicians do not take kindly to the proposition for biennial elections in this state. In that respect they differ from the people. Our system of frequent elections is one of the curses that rests upon the community.

The Worcester Gazette characterizes Rhode Island as "that little and most explosive state." Of course the explosiveness relates only to politics. In other matters it is the stronghold of conservatism.

Governor Russell declares himself loyal to Cleveland and will stand by him to the last. Hill has no foothold whatever in New England.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

[For General Church Services see 5l page.]

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS FOR TOMORROW.

Rev. C. L. Seasholes will officiate at the Second Baptist Church, afternoon and evening.

Channing Memorial Church—Subject for morning discourse, "Some Devices of Satan;" for evening lecture by the pastor, "Seneca and St. Paul."

First Baptist Church—Mr. J. F. Blacklock of Brown University will preach morning and evening.

Emmanuel Church—Subject for morning sermon in series on Words from the Cross, "Behold Thy Son;" subject for evening lecture, "The Earl of Shaftsbury."

Rev. A. L. Quint of Boston will preach at the United Congregational Church.

TO END THIS AWFUL MORTALITY AMONG CHILDREN

From DIPHTHERIA, CROUP and SCARLET FEVER.

TO STOP CRUEL LOSS OF LIFE AMONG ADULTS

From TYPHOID FEVER, PNEUMONIA and CONSUMPTION.

To help and cure invalids shaking and perishing under

ASTHMA, RHEUMATISM, BRIGHT'S DISEASE, CATARRH,

and all poisons of our climate, it is time this community knew the truth concerning

Wm. RADAM'S MICROBE KILLER,

THE GREATEST CURATIVE OF THE AGE.

Enlightened Science admits that all sickness is caused by living Germs, or Microbes, poisoning and wasting the blood, the tissues, and the vital organs. Radam's Microbe Killer, by removing the universal cause, kills the Microbes of the lungs and CURES CONSUMPTION.
It kills the Microbes of the kidneys and CURES BRIGHT'S DISEASE.
It kills the Microbes of the throat and CURES DIPHTHERIA.
It kills the Microbes of the skin and cures ECZEMA. It kills the Microbes of the blood and cures RHEUMATISM, CANCER, CATARRH, and all other BLOOD and CHRONIC DISEASES. Investigate.—We will mail you Free, a fifty page book, giving history of Microbes and Microbe Killer.

GOOD AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY TOWN.

The Wm. Radam Microbe Killer Co., No. 7 Laight Street, New York City.

FRANK L. POWELL, Agent.

NOTICES.

Democratic Notice.

THE DEMOCRATIC CITY CONVENTION will be held at the State House immediately after the adjournment of the Republican convention Monday evening.

ADJOURNED MEETING.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Newport Historical Society was, this evening, adjourned to **Monday, March 21, 1892,** at 8 P. M.

HORATIO B. WOOD,
Recording secretary.

Newport, March 18, 1892.

Prompt Payment of Insurance.

5 MARLBOROUGH STREET,
NEWPORT, March 19, 1891.

J. W. Stainton, Esq., "Superintend nt People's Industrial Insurance Co."

DEAR SIR:—Please accept best thanks for the prompt payment of $221, being the amount of claim due to me on my mother's (Mrs. Horrock's) policy. Would strongly recommend the "People's Industrial" to the public.

Yours truly, MARY R. EASTON.

ANNUAL MEETING.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the pewholders of the Methodist Episcopal Church and Congregation in Newport will be held in the vestry of the church on Marlboro' street on Monday evening, March 21, at 8 o'clock. A full attendance is desired.

GEORGE H. LOVEJOY, Clerk.

Primary Meeting.

The Republican electors of the City of Newport are requested to meet at the State House on

Monday Even'g, March 21, 1892,

At 8 o'clock,

to nominate candidates for Senator and Five (5) Representatives to represent this city in the General Assembly of this state for the ensuing political year.

By order of the Republican City Committee.

ALBERT C. LANDERS,
Chairman.

JOHN J. PECKHAM, Secretary.

Assignee's Notice.

GEORGE P. LEONARD of the city and county of Newport having this date made an assignment to the undersigned, pursuant to law, for the equal benefit of all his creditors, notice is hereby given said creditors to present their several and respective claims within six months from the date hereof and all persons indebted to said assignor to make payment to me.

JAMES G. TOPHAM,
Assignee.

Newport, R. I., February 20, 1892.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

That, on the 9th of February, 1892, Samuel Blatchford, as author, owner, and proprietor of the copyright of a book, the title and title-page of which is "Reports of Cases argued and determined in the Circuit Court of the United States for the Second Circuit. By Samuel Blatchford, reporter of the court. Volume III. New York: E. French, 196 Nassau Street. 1854," recorded a second time in the office of the Librarian of Congress the aforesaid title of said book, the copyright of which was entered originally June 16, 1861, in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York, at the city of New York, for the purpose of having his exclusive right to such copyright continued for the further term of fourteen years, and that he is still living and a citizen of the United States.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF LIGHT-HOUSE INSPECTOR, Third District, at Tompkinsville, N. Y., March 18th, 1892.—Proposals will be received at this Office until 12 o'clock M., on Friday, the 8th day of April, 1892, for Provisions for Vessels and Light-Stations in this district. Forms of proposals and printed instructions giving full particulars as to the articles required, and the terms of delivery and payment, can be obtained at this Office. The right is reserved to reject the whole or part of any or all bids, to waive any defects, and to reduce the quantities specified, or to require the delivery, at any time during the fiscal year, of a greater quantity (not to exceed one-third), of any item mentioned in the specifications. A clause to this effect will be inserted in the contract. Contracts will not be approved until the Sundry Civil Bill making appropriations for the next fiscal year has become a law. W. S. SCHLEY, Captain, U. S. N., Light-House Inspector.

OFFICE OF LIGHT-HOUSE INSPECTOR, Third District, at Tompkinsville, N. Y., March 18th, 1892.—Proposals will be received at this Office until 12 o'clock M., on Friday, the 8th day of April, 1892, for Fuel for Vessels and Stations in this District, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1893. Forms of proposal and printed specifications giving full particulars as to the kinds of fuel required, the quantity and quality, and the terms of delivery and payment, can be obtained at this Office. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids, to waive any defects, and to reduce the quantities specified, or to require the delivery, at any time during the fiscal year, of a greater quantity (not to exceed one-third), of any item mentioned in the specifications. A clause to this effect will be inserted in the contract. Contracts will not be approved until the Sundry Civil Bill making appropriations for the next fiscal year has become a law. W. S. SCHLEY, Captain, U. S. N., Light-House Inspector.

Peculiar

Peculiar in combination, proportion, and preparation of ingredients, Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses the curative value of the best known remedies of the vegetable kingdom. Peculiar in its strength and economy, Hood's Sarsaparilla is the only medicine of which can truly be said, "One Hundred Doses One Dollar." Peculiar in its medicinal merits, Hood's Sarsaparilla accomplishes cures hitherto unknown, and has won for itself the title of "The greatest blood purifier ever discovered." Peculiar in its "good name at home,"—there is more of Hood's Sarsaparilla sold in Lowell than of all other blood purifiers. Peculiar in its phenomenal record of sales abroad no other preparation ever attained so rapidly nor held so steadfastly the confidence of all classes of people. Peculiar in the brain-work which it represents, Hood's Sarsaparilla combines all the knowledge which modern research (in medical science) has developed, with many years practical experience in preparing medicines. Be sure to get only

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

SITUATIONS WANTED.

25 words one day, 25c.; 10c. each day after.

WANTED—Situation by single young man; would do general work on a gentleman's place and make himself generally useful; references from last place. Box 11, Daily News Office.

WANTED—A situation to do chamberwork and waiting. Apply at Box 63, Daily News Office.

WANTED—A good seamstress and fitter wishes a home and small wages. Apply at Clifton House.

HELP WANTED.

25 words one day, 25c.; 10c. each day after.

WANTED—A girl to do general housework in a small family. Apply at 6 Berkeley street.

WANTED—A smart, active Swedish girl, for general housework, in a small family of three. Apply at 13 Sherman street.

WANTED—Men to take orders. No delivering or collecting. No experience. Steady work. Best terms. Best specialties. Samples free. GLEN BROS., Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—A responsible person to represent a financial corporation in all cities and towns. Liberal terms. THE NORTH AMERICAN FINANCE COMPANY, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—A cook willing to do washing and ironing; must have references. Apply Box 81, Daily News office.

TENEMENTS, FURNISHED ROOMS AND BOARD.

25 words one day, 25c.; 10c. each day after.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, with or without board, in a private family; two minutes' walk from Bellevue avenue. Apply at 26 Brinley street.

TO LET—A small cottage on Second street; 8 rooms; city water; rent, $13. Apply to Wm. S. Brownell, Daily News Office.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, March 19, 8 A. M.—For New England:—Threatening weather; snow or rain, probably clearing in southern New England; brisk and high westerly winds; colder in extreme northern portions.

NEW ENGLAND WEATHER.

BOSTON, March 19, 8 A. M.—Local forecast for Massachusetts, Rhode Island and eastern Connecticut:—Fair until Monday; falling temperature and much colder by Sunday night, southwest and west winds today changing to northeast Sunday.

For Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont:—Rain or snow, except clearing for southern portions; colder tonight and Sunday southwest, backing to northwest winds.

LOCAL CONDITIONS.

March 19.	8 A. M.	12 M.	2 P. M.
Temperature,	30	34	35
Barometer,	29.25	29.38	29.42
Wind,	W	SW	SW
Weather,	Cloudy	Fair	Fair

MINIATURE ALMANAC.

TOMORROW (SUNDAY) MARCH 20, 1892.

Sun rises	5 h. 47 m.
Sun sets	5 h. 57 m.
Moon rises A. M.	0 h. 15 m.
Length of day	12 h. 10 m.
Day's increase	2 h. 06 m.

High water, h. m. A. M.: 12 h. 24 m. P. M.
Height of tide, ft. in. A. M.: 3 ft. 7 in. P. M.

MONDAY, MARCH 21, 1892.

Sun rises	5 h. 45 m.
Sun sets	5 h. 58 m.
Moon rises P. M.	1 h. 18 m.
Length of day	12 h. 13 m.
Day's increase	3 h. 09 m.

High Water, 0 h. 49 m. A. M.; 1 h. 10 m. P. M.
Height of tide, 3 ft. 6 in. A. M.; 3 ft. 5 in. P. M.

Moon's Phases for March, 1892.

	D.	H. M.
First Quarter	5	2 14 P. M.
Full Moon	13	7 55 A. M.
Last Quarter	21	0 16 P. M.
New Moon	28	8 18 A. M.

A. O'D. TAYLOR.

FOR SALE—Superior double-tenement house (estate of late Silas DeBlois), 5,720 feet, No. 132 Broadway; suitable for residence and business.

FOR SALE—One large lot fronting Morton Park on Brenton avenue; two lots of 5,000 feet each on Webster street. [land here now nearly all sold off.]

FOR SALE—On Sheffield avenue, about 1½ acres good, not swamp, land. Suitable for market gardening or cottage sites.

TO RENT—Cottages; one at $250, one at $300, one at $120. Superior tenement (lower), Brooks avenue, with all modern accommodations, $300.

Office 124 Bellevue Avenue.

(Hours 9 morning till 6 evening.)

DIED.

SUGRUE—In this city, 17th inst., Annie, daughter of James and Bridget Sugrue, aged 9 years. Funeral from her father's residence, Connection street, Sunday, March 20, at 1.30 o'clock, to St. Mary's Church at 2 o'clock. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.

GARDINER—In this city, 18th inst., Sarah E., wife of Charles W. Gardiner, in the 50th year of her age.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her husband, on Homer street, off Gibbs street, at 3 o'clock on Monday, 21st inst. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.

WILMARTH—In this city, suddenly, 19th inst., Lydia C., wife of George H. Wilmarth.

Funeral services at the residence of her husband, No. 16 Ayrault street, on Monday afternoon, 21st inst., at 4 o'clock. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend. Interment at Foxborough, Mass.

DALE—In Johnston, 17th inst., Thomas Dale, in his 50th year.

WOOD—In Providence, 18th inst., Isaac M. Wood, in his 83d year.

O'BRIEN—In Providence, 18th inst., Catherine O'Brien, in her 66th year.

MATTESON—In Coventry, 18th inst., Celinda, wife of the late Bowen Matteson, in her 89th year.

M. COTTRELL, Furnishing Undertaker, COTTRELL BLOCK, three doors south of the Postoffice. Residence No. 79 Thames street, near Marlboro' street. H. C. Cottrell residence, No. 134 Mill street.

If you are bilious, take BEECHAM'S PILLS.

His personality filled the place. Yet not because he was a fat man. It was his annoying cough. He cured it with Adamson's Botanic Cough Balsam and sank into happiness and obscurity.

After the Grip Hood's Sarsaparilla will restore your strength and health, and expel every trace of poison from the blood.

SIMEON HAZARD

OFFERS FOR SALE

I. Lots from 7c. to 50c. per sq. foot.
II. An estate suitable for a gentleman's summer and winter residence. A fine property with modern improvements, $10,000
III. Two model building sites on Park street.
IV. Cottages at $800, $1,200, $1,700, $2,200, $2,500, $3,000, $3,400, $4,000, $4,500, $4,800
V. One store and three offices for rental.

Open Wednesday and Saturday evenings.

Office, - - - - 94 Broadway.

Every kind of Printing at shortest notice and in the best manner at the Daily News Job office, 207 Thames Street.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, March 19.—Wall street.—Opening prices:—Atchison, 39⅝; Canadian Southern, 53⅞; Lackawanna, 158⅞; Erie, 32⅛; Lake Shore, 131⅝; Northern Pacific preferred, 66¾; Northwestern, 119¾; New York Central, ex. div., 115¼; Ontario & Western, 20¼; North American, 15⅛; Rock Island, 85⅞; St. Paul, 77⅛; Union Pacific, 46⅞; Sugar Trust, 94¼.

11 A. M.—The opening of the stock market this morning was dull and steady and showed little trace of yesterday afternoon's weakness, declines of ½ in Reading and ⅝ in Tennessee Coal during the early dealings being the only reminders of it. On the other hand Sugar was strong and, after opening down ¼, rose 2½ per cent. In the rest of the market, however, dullness and stagnation reigned, no tendency in prices in either direction being perceptible throughout the hour.

Closing—Money on call, easy, ranging from 1½ to 2; last loan at 2, and closing offered at 2; bar silver, 89¾; prime mercantile paper, 4 @ 6; exchange, quiet and steady to firm; actual rates, bankers' bills, $4.85½ for sixty days and $4.87½ for demand; posted rates, $4.88½ @ 89¼; commercial bills, $4.85¼ @ 7; governments, dull and steady; 4s reg., 110; 4s coup., 117; railroad bonds, dull and steady; Pacific 6s, 109. The dealings in the stock market after 11 o'clock were no larger than those of the first hour but there was a little more significance to them in some cases. The feature of the hour was the strength developed in Delaware & Hudson, which became active and rose from 139½ to 143, in which advance the other coalers did not sympathize. On the other hand Tennessee Coal was especially weak, declining from 47½ to 46½ and, while the general list showed a firm temper, there was no change in quotations in general.

Bank statement:—Reserve—increase, $3,225; loans—increase, $1,725,700; specie—decrease, $714,600; legal tenders—increase, $1,300,700; deposits—increase, $2,331,400; circulation—decrease, $6,700. The banks now hold $16,199,750 in excess of the requirements of the twenty-five per cent. rule.

New York, March 19.

	Noon.
Atchison	39⅝
Canadian Pacific	87⅞
Canada Southern	53½
Alton	145
preferred	160
Chic., Bur. & Quincy	107½
C., C., C. & I.	
Del. Hudson	142
Del. Lack.	159⅝
Denver & Rio Grande	18
Erie	32⅛
preferred	75⅞
Ill.	106¼
Kansas & Texas	16¾
Lake Shore	131
Louisville & Nashville	74⅝
Michigan Central	111
Missouri Pacific	62⅝
N. J. Central	71
Northern Pacific	23½
preferred	66¾
Northwestern	119⅞
preferred	142
N. Y. Central	115⅛
N. Y. & N. E.	40
Ohio & Mississippi	22½
preferred	
Ontario & Western	20⅝
Oregon Nav	87
North American	15⅛
Pacific Mail	38½
Peoria, Decatur & Evansville	30
Reading	36⅝
Rock Island	85
St. Paul	77⅛
preferred	143½
Manitoba	112
Om	47
preferred	119
Texas Pacific	11
Union Pacific	46⅝
Wabash, St. L. & Pac.	12½
preferred	29⅝
Western Union	87⅞
Am. Cotton Oil	39½
Sugar Trust	95⅛
preferred	96¾
Lead Trust	19½

BOSTON EXCHANGE.

Boston, March 19.

	Noon.
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe	39⅛
Boston & Albany	206½
Boston & Lowell	175
Boston & Maine	171
Boston & Providence	93
Quincy Mining Co.	107¾
Fitchburg preferred	87½
Central of Massachusetts	16
Central of Massachusetts preferred	31
New York & New England	49
New York & New England preferred	102
Old Colony	173¾
Pullman Palace Car	189½
Wisconsin Central	18
Wisconsin Central preferred	40
American Bell Telephone	203¼
New England Telephone	51
Erie Telephone Co.	46
Calumet & Hecla	268
Tamarack Mining Co.	100
Boston Land Co.	6½
Boston Water Power	4⅞
Lamson Store Service	16
Thomson Houston	58¾
West End Railway preferred	85¼
Franklin Mining Co.	15¾
Kearsarge Mining Co.	14¾
Osceola Mining Co.	32½

REAL ESTATE.

Farm to Let.

A farm near Newport of about 150 acres with buildings in good order to let for four hundred and fifty dollars. The owner will pay all the taxes.

A. Prescott Baker.

Wanted,

TO PURCHASE,

Moderate-Priced House

On Church street or that immediate vicinity.

DeBlois, Hunter & Eldridge.

GAS FIXTURES

—AND—

GLOBES.

LYNCH & SULLIVAN,
11 MILL STREET.

Storage for Carriages

—AT—

Shanahan's Storehouse,

Weaver Avenue, rear of Ocean House.

Apply on premises or at 14 Franklin street.

THE CITY COUNCIL.

The Special Meeting Called by Mayor Honey.

A Long Address on the Water Bills—The General Assembly asked to Delay Consideration—A Considerable Amount of Work on Streets and Sewers Ordered.

The City Council was summoned by Mayor Honey to meet in special session last evening at 8 o'clock. At that hour each member of the lower board was in his seat, ready to learn the object of the meeting, of which no slightest inkling had been publicly given, though it is intimated that certain of the members were not without a hint as to its purpose. In the upper board, however, there were as many vacant as occupied seats, only Aldermen Myers, Crosby and Hazard being present. The common council took action upon a minor petition, and then awaited developments. After City Sergeant Westcott had gone forth on a missionary errand, and succeeded in gathering in Alderman Young from his place of business near by, to complete a quorum, the aldermen sent down a small amount of business. Although this included resolutions providing for highway improvements and sewers to cost several thousand dollars, not yet in existence as a part of the city's funds, it was speedily disposed of, and there was another wait. Finally, the real object for which the meeting was called became apparent in an invitation to meet the aldermen in joint convention. This was to enable the members of both boards to listen to another of those communications from His Honor, the Mayor, which, under the present administration, have come to constitute perhaps the most important, certainly the most interesting features of the proceedings of the council. Though often somewhat long drawn out, these documents have never yet failed to attract and hold the attention of those to whom they are addressed, and last night's communication was no exception to this rule. After the two boards separated, the passage of a resolution embodying the mayor's recommendations completed the business of the session, and an early adjournment was taken. The meeting was marked by one unusual feature—a certain disposition on the part of one or two members of the lower board to indulge in a kind of parliamentary sparring, of a playfully sarcastic nature, and evidently inspired by partisan feeling, in which the sessions of that body have for months been wanting. Otherwise, the meeting was entirely devoid of special interest.

The committee on streets and highways presented two reports, which were received, and upon their recommendation resolutions were passed, authorizing the following improvements to be made under the direction of that committee:- Byrnes court macadamized and graded, and a flagstone sidewalk laid therein, at an expense of $1,000; also, changing the name of said court to Byrnes street; Narragansett avenue, from Bellevue to Ochre Point avenues, macadamized, at an expense of $3,150; a Telford-Macadam roadbed and new curbstones in Kay street, between Bull street and Mann avenue, at an expense of $5,000; Clay street, macadamized and a pipe sewer and two gravel catchers laid therein; a pipe sewer in State street, at an expense of $2,000; a pipe sewer in Webster street, from Bellevue avenue to the main sewer in Brenton street, at an expense of $4,000; a pipe sewer in Meeting street, to connect with the main sewer, at an expense of $300; a gravel catcher at the corner of Second and Marsh streets, at an expense of $75.

Councilman Hammett called attention to the somewhat large amount of money voted under these resolutions for sewer construction, and to the fact that, in the present peculiar state of the city's finances, there is really no appropriation available for sewers. He expressed himself as in favor of the projects named, the necessity of which he recognized, but at the same time could not understand how they could be carried out without causing an overdraft at the end of the year. He believed they should wait until the funds were in hand before voting for these expenditures.

Councilman Openshaw intimated that a way would probably soon be provided for securing the necessary funds. The improvements are greatly needed and must be made, and the money must be provided for them. He also asserted that in former years certain portions of the city had secured all the favors and all the "boodle," and that other sections were this year to be provided for.

Upon recommendation of the highway committee the petition of Howard Smith and others, for a fire hydrant at the corner of Second and Hawthorne streets, was taken from that committee and referred to the committee on fire department.

The petition of John T. Delano and 104 others, asking, in consideration of the fact that the larger number of workingmen now cease work at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, that the time of ringing the city bells be changed from six to 5 o'clock, was referred to the committee on ordinances.

A communication was received, extending an invitation to the members to be present at the dedication of the new No. 6 engine house on the evening of Monday, April 4. The invitation was accepted.

The report of the board of health for 1891 was received, without reading.

The council having disposed of all the business then before it, Councilman Barker inquired if that was what the meeting had been called for, hinting that the amount and character of the business presented hardly seemed to justify the calling of a special session. President Boyle replied that he thought there was other business, and Councilman Openshaw advanced his opinion that, if there were no other business, that, already transacted, it was sufficient to warrant the special meeting.

JOINT CONVENTION.

At this point, on invitation of the board of aldermen, the two branches meet in joint convention when Mayor Honey read the following communication:—

Pursuant to resolutions passed by your honorable body respectively on the 26th of January and 2nd. of February of this year, the senior representative from this city in the General Assembly introduced into the legislature a few days after the passage of the resolutions, the bill which was designed to authorize the City Council of the city of Newport to regulate the rates of the Water Works Company, also the bill to enable town and city councils to prevent the distribution of impure water and the bill to permit the City Council of Newport, whenever it should be so authorized by the taxpayers, to establish its own water works or to take, by purchase or condemnation proceedings, the works of the present company.

Thereafter, at the request of the city's representatives, the 25th day of February was assigned for a public hearing upon said measures before the judiciary committee of the house of representatives to which they had been referred, notice of which having been given through the public newspapers for the space of ten days, the authorities of the city with their counsel and witnesses duly appeared on that day.

Your attention is invited to the fact that since the establishment of the water works in this city their interests in all litigation in which they have been engaged have been ably defended by Messrs. Sheffield and Peckham of our local bar.

Bearing this in mind and also remembering that the late Colonel Van Slyck, a distinguished member of the bar of this state, than whom, no one stood more highly in public esteem, both for integrity and ability, was the city solicitor of the city of Providence and as such, charged with the duty of keeping himself free from all entanglements which might operate against his client, the city of Providence, in respect to the efforts which it, like its sister city, is making to obtain freedom from the impurities which are affecting the supply of water it is deriving from the Pawtuxet river, the following report of what occurred at the hearing (taken from the stenographer's notes) and what has occurred since, will be of interest to you.

The hearing, of which the report follows, has been reported in the News. It relates the reporting of the illness of the late Mr. Van Slyck of Providence and the consequent postponement of the hearing. After this Mayor Honey continued as follows:

Colonel Van Slyck died on the 3rd of March and as soon as I heard of this untoward event, deeming that the duty which I owed to the city and to the considerations of the health and pockets of its inhabitants, rose superior to the sorrow which I felt for the death of my professional brother. I wrote a note to Mr. F. B. Peckham of which I did not keep a copy, but the contents of which were substantially as follows;—

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
NEWPORT, R. I, March 3, '92.

DEAR PECKHAM:—I regret very much to hear of Van Slyck's death. It seems to me that I ought to say to you that the city will use every effort to proceed with the hearing on its water works bills on Wednesday, in spite of this, and insist that it is not a sufficient cause for delay.

Yours truly,
SAMUEL R. HONEY.

On the 9th of March, (the day preceding that which had been set for the adjourned hearing) while engaged in a hearing before the probate court in which Mr. Peckham was opposed to me, I received a note of which the following is a copy:—

PROVIDENCE, March 8, 1892.

HON. S. R. HONEY,

DEAR SIR:—You will please take notice that the hearing advertised for next Thursday (March 10th,) on the three Newport bills before this committee is postponed to Tuesday, March 22d. 1892 upon the rising of the House,

Yours respectfully,
ALBERT S. HOPKINS,
Clerk of Jud. Com.

I thereupon asked Mr. Peckham if he expected to go on with the hearing on the following day, to which question I received an affirmative reply. Inferring from this that some reason other than a professional or business one had brought about this new postponement, I immediately sent the following telegraphic despatch to the counsel in the employ of the city.

To Arnold Green, Esq., Providence, R. I.:—

Clerk judiciary committee writes me this morning that hearing is postponed until March 22. No reasons given. Please see chairman and ask him if this is by his authority and why. Also tell Heffernan a member of the committee. Ask him if he has heard of the adjournment and whether he voted for it. He ought to bring the matter up in the house today. Answer fully as soon as you understand the situation.

SAM'L R. HONEY.

From whom the following reply was soon received:—

PROVIDENCE, March 9, 1892.

Samuel R. Honey, Mayor's Office:—

Your telegram was the first intimation I had of the application for delay. Wilson has not been to state house today. Water works applied for delay and the committee gave it. The pretext, Van Slyck's death. The reason I believe, unwillingness to have our story told before election. The Republicans in the house will forward the wishes of their Newport friends. Hence, I now expect further application for delay. One of the committee intimated it was of no consequence as the City of Newport would have the bills to pay. All which I learned this morning.

ARNOLD GREEN.

And I also called up to the telephone the Hon. John J. Heffernan, a member of the judiciary committee of the house of representatives, who informed me that at a meeting of the committee held on March 8, the chairman stated that the speaker of the house had brought word to him from Newport, where he had made a public speech on the evening of March 7, that Governor Fay requested a postponement of the hearing until March 22d. on account of the death of Colonel Van Slyck, and that thereupon the committee had granted the request. All of these gentlemen are Republicans, excepting Mr. Heffernan. The last named gentleman has sent me the following letter:—

WOONSOCKET, R. I., March 14, 1892.

Mayor Samuel R. Honey,

DEAR SIR:—In answer to yours of the 11th inst. received by me this morning, I will say that speaker Capron informed the judiciary committee that Ex-Lieutenant Governor Fay of Newport had requested him to ask the committee to continue the hearing on the Newport water works bills, the reason given being that the attorney of the water company, Mr. Van Slyck, had died; no other person appeared before the committee to ask the continuance. The committee as you know continued the hearing.

Yours truly,
JOHN J. HEFFERNAN.

Governor Fay is not only a Republican, but is also a director in the water works.

Neither the city of Newport nor its counsel was in any way consulted in regard to this enforced delay, nor was it known to any of the authorities until the receipt by me of the above letter from the clerk of the committee.

I have also received the following letter from Mr. Arnold Green:—

PROVIDENCE, March 12, 1892.

Hon. Samuel R. Honey, Newport, R. I.:—

DEAR SIR:—Your telegram of March 9th was the first intimation I had in any way of any postponement or intended postponement of the water bills hearing which on February 25th was at the request of the Water Works adjourned and announced by the committee to take place on March 10th. I went up to the State House and found that the committee had adjourned the hearing again and until March 22d. The chairman of the house judiciary committee, Mr. Wilson, was not at the house but I saw two or three on the committee and protested against the delay as unnecessary and very expensive to the city of Newport. I understood that application for the delay was made by the Water Works on account of Mr. Van Slyck's death, but as he was buried March 7th. the reason did not strike me as satisfactory. I also got the impression that some persons in Newport did not want the anticipated evidence made public till after the election and that their legislative friends would favor their wishes but as Brown's report was called for by the city of Newport last year this strikes me as funny, however it may be suggestive of further delays.

Of course we must be ready to go on March 22. Our duty is quite clear and if we are thwarted in doing it the failure must not be due to our acts or neglect.

I regret the delay and the consequent expense but these things have not been caused by us.

Very truly,
ARNOLD GREEN.

Quite clearly public hearings before committees of the legislature are in no sense judicial proceedings; witnesses are not sworn, nor are they bound to subject themselves to cross-examination.

Apart from the fact that the principal expert of the City was compelled to leave the state on a professional engagement in New Orleans, from which he will not be released for three weeks, I cannot but agree with the eminent counsel retained by the city, a gentleman in no way connected with politics, that there is no hope of receiving fair play at the hands of a legislature and judiciary committee organized as those bodies now are, and that it would be improper for you to permit the expenditure of the money of the tax-payers in paying for the time of professional experts wasted in fruitless efforts to reach the ears of the people through public legislative hearings, and I therefore recommend you to discontinue those efforts and to lay the reports of the experts before the public in some other way.

Nothing short of repeated defeats at the polls will, in my judgment, destroy the alliance between the Water Works and the leaders of the Republican party, and finally give our people a relief from the tyranny of a monopoly which appears to control all of the present governmental machinery which is in the hands of that party.

After the reading of the mayor's communication, Councilman McCormick moved to change the name of the John Leary elected to No. 4 reel from John E. to John A. Leary. So voted.

The two boards having separated after the joint convention Councilman Barker again asked if that was all the business which they had been called together to consider. President Boyle said he was informed that there was further business, which soon appeared in the form of a resolution directing that the communication of the mayor be referred to the joint standing committee on water supply, with instructions to have published in pamphlet form, for the information of the people, 3000 copies of the report of the experts mentioned therein; and also requesting the representatives from this city in the General Assembly to withdraw, until such time as the city's case can be properly heard, the water works bills now pending before that body. The resolution was passed without comment or opposition.

President Boyle then asked if Councilman Barker had any further business to present, whereupon that gentleman expressed a desire to call the attention of the highway committee to the fact that the sidewalks adjoining Equality Park had not been cleared of snow. He was informed that the matter would speedily be attended to, if nature did not make action by the city unnecessary. Everything being at last satisfactorily adjusted, apparently, the council adjourned.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

The mayor announced the appointment of Charles F. Walsh, George A. Wilcox and W. J. Sullivan as special policemen, and the appointments were confirmed.

A communication from the clerk of the District of Narragansett, and addressed to the city clerk, was read. It was in effect that the town council of that town requested information as to the disposal of the sewage and garbage of Newport, the outlets of the sewers, where any sewage not discharged through the outlet went, and where the garbage was disposed of; if at sea, what rules were made as to the place of dumping, and asking for copies of ordinances on these points if there are any. The city clerk was authorized to answer the questions.

Licenses were granted as follows:—To the Liederkranz Society, for exhibition hall; to J. J. Hughes, William Sutler and R. S. Johnson, for sale of junk; to Erving L. Wood and George S. McManus, for selling fruit, and to J. A. Leary and W. H. Harris, for sale of fireworks. A number of applications for licenses were referred to the chief of police for report.

JAMESTOWN.

During the stormy weather of the past few days the back-shop politicians have had a grand good opportunity to discuss matters political, the election of senator and representatives and the possible complexion of the Newport council. If the discussions in the back-shops are any criterion, the coming election will be a lively one. As yet the Prohibitionists alone have nominated candidates for the General Assembly, and the Republicans and Democrats have only one more day in which to name the men who are to represent them on the official ballot. There are some signs of a combination between the supporters of these two parties. The unusual reticence of the leaders regarding the holding of caucuses and the probable candidates leads some people to think there is a mouse in the meal. Whether or no Aldrich men will be chosen to represent Jamestown may not be known until election, but it seems quite probable that, if the Republicans settle their differences, they can carry the town as usual. Otherwise there will be no election on the first trial. Many of the leaders of the two parties are at present very much at sea. The Prohibitionists are the only ones who feel content; they have no internal dissensions to contend with and are confident of polling their accustomed vote.

Judging from the talk of the politicians, the Republican caucus on Monday evening will be a very exciting affair. As yet the Democrats have not called a caucus and it is rumored that they will not put a legislative ticket in the field this year as they claim to have no funds.

About forty members of the Jamestown fire department met at headquarters last evening for a clam chowder. This is the first social gathering of the department and it proved so enjoyable that it is proposed to have similar gatherings often.

The furniture for the new cottage of Rev. S. H. Gurteen is arriving today and is being stored in the Bay View hotel.

There is a heavy southwest sea running in the bay between Goat Island light and Rose island.

Mr. P. J. Murphy of Newport has the contract for the plumbing of the new building, now being put up for J. B. Lippincott at the Conanicut Reserve.

ARMY AND NAVY NOTES.

The name of the Intrepid has been stricken from the list of naval vessels by order of Secretary Tracy, from March 9, 1892.

Lieutenant N. J. L. T. Halpine, having arrived in the United States from the Tallapoosa, has been ordered home and granted three months' leave.

Lieutenant Commander Fred Singer, has been invalided home from the Pensacola, leaving Lieutenant W. H. Bechler as executive of that ship.

Major Wallace F. Randolph, inspector of artillery, on the staff of Major General Howard, paid a short visit to Washington this week, and afterwards left for the South.

A Register of the War Department, dated January 1, has been issued, containing the usual fund of information in regard to the personnel of the military bureaus in Washington.

The anchor invented by Lieutenant Herbert O. Dunn, has been fully tested on the Baltimore and the reports from it are highly favorable. It is of the self-stowing type and is a distinct advance on preceding anchors of this type.

Lieutenant John Garvin, who has been on sick leave for six months, has been ordered to a physical examination at the Norfolk navy yard on the 28th inst. It is not expected that he will be able to do duty again.

Lieutenant J. H. Moore, who has successfully managed the affairs of the Hotchkiss Ordnance Company in this country for the past four years, will shortly relinquish those duties for a tour of sea duty. He has been assigned to duty on the Thetis.

Commander George E. Ide, who was yesterday detached from ordnance instruction at the Washington navy yard and placed on waiting orders, will be assigned to duty as a member of the inspecting board in New York in August next as the relief of Commander T. A. Lyons.

It is understood that Commander A. S. Crowninshield, U. S. N., has been selected to command the Kearsarge, relieving Commander Horace Elmer, whose cruise is about completed. As the Kearsarge has arrived at Key West, Fla., the change will probably take place within the next fortnight.

Work is being rushed on the naval practice cruiser George Bancroft. Chief Engineer Melville has inspected the vessel, and expresses himself as highly pleased with its condition. The engines are completed, and are now being set up at the shipyard. The vessel will be ready for launching about the middle of April, and the contractors say they will be able to turn the cruiser entirely finished over to the government about the middle of July.

The Senate, in executive session yesterday, confirmed the following army nomications:—Lieutenant Colonel J. C. Bailey, assistant medical purveyor, to be surgeon and colonel; Major D. W. Wolverton, surgeon, to be assistant medical purveyor and lieutenant colonel; Captain J. O. Skinner, assistant surgeon, to be surgeon and major; F. A. Winter, of Alabama, and W. E. Purviance, of Illinois, to be assistant surgeons and first lieutenants; Lieutenant Colonel J. P. Hawkins, assistant commissary general, to be assistant commissary general and colonel; Major J. W. Burringer, commissary of subsistence, to be assistant commissary general and lieutenant colonel; Captain C. P. Eagan, to subsistence, to be major.

LOCAL NOTES.

—The city stone crusher on Prices neck will be ready to begin crushing early next week.

—A New York paper tomorrow will print the life of Mr. Henry G. Marquand and will show the great amount of good he has done.

—Mrs. Sarah E. Gardiner died very suddenly last night of apoplexy. The medical examiner was called but he decided that no inquest was necessary.

—Rev. Dr. Van Dyke states that he has received no call to become pastor of the Central Congregational Church in Boston, as reported in some of the papers.

—It has been decided to give three performances of Ben Hur at the Opera House on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday evenings of Easter week. The members of the Onward Society of the Thames street Methodist Episcopal Church, under whose auspices the performances are to be given, will begin rehearsing in a short time. This piece was given in Fall River and New Bedford by the leading amateurs of those cities and proved successful both financially and artistically.

—Mr. Peter Knowe, supreme deputy chief ranger, of Rhode Island has engaged Masonic Hall for the convention of the Grand Court of Rhode Island, A. O. F. of A. to be held on May 17 and 18. The court will be entertained by Courts Pride, Wanton and Friendship of this city.

—The details of the proposed glove contest between Jack Falvey of this city and Billy Frazier of Boston, before the Gladstone Club of Providence, have been settled, and Sullivan, who was recently defeated by Connolly before the same club, arrived from Providence today to train Falvey in this city.

—The Newport Light Infantry, which went to Pawtucket to take part in the St. Patrick's day parade, were detained so long, owing to the late hour at which the parade started, that they were unable to return by Rhode Island routes and coming down by the Old Colony railroad through a part of Massachusetts, had to leave their guns in Pawtucket, the law prohibiting the militia from carrying arms in another state without permission from the governor.

—The committee on streets and highways met last night, after the adjournment of the City Council, and directed the street commissioner to go on with the street work authorized by the council. Some of the work, especially that on Webster and Kay streets, should be done as soon as the weather permits, so as to be out of the way before the season opens. The street commissioner will push the most urgent as soon as the weather will permit. Just at present the only street work is that done in clearing gutters to give the melting snow a chance to escape. Many of the gutters were plowed out this morning and a gang was kept busy on Thames street, the roadbed of which was in such condition that to cross it was with out a considerable wetting almost impossible.

Further Local News 5d and 8th pages

IVORY SOAP

99 44/100 Pure.

THE BEST FOR EVERY PURPOSE.

Cake Keeps Moist and Fresh if made with Cleveland's Baking Powder.

The reason is Cleveland's is a *pure* cream of tartar powder free from alum and ammonia, which make cake dry and husky.

The HOUSEHOLD SEWING MACHINE

Never Fails to Please.

You can get one at a slight advance from cost for the next few weeks at

C. BANKING'S, 67 BROADWAY.

Agency for the Old Staten Island Dye House. established 1840.

Patronized by the Ladies.

The delicate, pure and truly excellent qualities of Dr. Price's Delicious Flavoring Extracts have secured for them the patronage of the most intelligent housewives of this country. A few cents additional cost does not deter ladies who are mindful of the health of their family, from procuring that which is known to be pure and wholesome. Those who have not should try Dr. Price's Delicious Flavorings, Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, Nectarine, etc. They are the finest made.

PLAYING CARDS,

For 10c., 15c., 25c., 31c., 40c., 50c. and 75c.

CHECKER BOARDS.

15c., 25c., 31c., 35c., 45c., 95c., $1.40 up to $1.50.

DOMINOES

10c., 25c., 40c., 50c., 75c. and 95c.

DICE CUPS,

10c., 25c. and 31c.

CRIBBAGE BOARDS,

25c., 40c., 50c. and 95c.

Composition Chips,

39c., 49c. and 59c. per C.

At Headquarters for Parlor Games,

A. C. LANDERS'S,

167 Thames Street, Covell's Block

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, &c.

Opera House,
Tuesday Ev'g, Mar. 22.

Return of the Banner Attraction.

Elaborate Production of

HANDS ACROSS THE SEA.

With all the Original Company, Scenery, Costumes and Realistic Effects, including the Marvelous Revolving Scenes, The Wonderful Fog Scenes, The Grand Ship Scene.

TWO MAMMOTH CARLOADS

Of the most impressively realistic scenic appointments.

Prices—35c., 50c. and 75c. Seats on sale March 21.

Royal Arcanum.

Anniversary of Colonel Council, No. 63.

OPERA HOUSE,

Wednesday Evening, March 23.

Beacon Orchestral Club,

Composed of 50 Young Ladies, who are skilled musicians.

Appleton Ladies' Quartette

of Boston,

Most Unique Attraction Ever in Newport.

Tickets—$1, $75c., reserved; 50c., admission.

Reserved seats at J. T. Wright's, 22 Washington square. Admission tickets to be had of Daily Observer, A. K. McMahon, W. H. Lee, J. M. Taylor, Ludlow Mahan, J. W. Langley, H. T. Easton and Mercury Office.

PUBLIC MEETING,

OPERA HOUSE,

Thursday Evening, March 24,

At 8 o'clock,

Called by the citizens of Newport to protest against wrongs inflicted upon the laboring men of this city during the last six months.

COME ONE, COME ALL.

Important to every son of toil. Discussion—"Monopolies and Injustices to Newport's Workingmen."

By order COMMITTEE.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

Another Bargain

—IN—

Second-hand Square Pianos!

A square piano with new cover and stool for $100. Ten per cent. discount for cash. For particulars and to see the instrument, call at No. 28 Clark street.

THE BEHR BROS. PIANO

Is getting to the front. It has the finest commendations from the leading artists of this country and Europe. But to appreciate for yourselves examine one at

John Rogers's,

No. 210 THAMES STREET.

SMITH BOSWORTH & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, WINDOW FRAMES, &c

WEST BROADWAY.

CAB SERVICE.

The undersigned is prepared to furnish Cabs and Carriages at prices in accordance with the times.

GEORGE A. FERGUSON,

OFFICE AT 24 BEACH STREET.

Telephone connection.

THE SOUTHWICKS.

Leander Southwick had been married scarcely a year when by the death of an uncle in Novada he fell heir to an estate worth $450,000.

The inheritance was so unexpected that for some time it was difficult to believe that he, a humble grocer, was the possessor of a fortune greater even than that of his boyhood dreams.

"Four hundred and fifty thousand dollars! What'll we do with all that money?" he said to his wife.

Sophronia Southwick, equal to any emergency, from weighing a codfish to making up the monthly accounts, was never at a loss for an idea.

"We must go into society," she promptly replied.

"Society!" shouted Leander. "What do we know about society?"

"Now, Leander, it's ridiculous for you to speak in that strain. You know that none of those rich New Yorkers—and I believe there are 400 of them—know any more about society than we do."

"But they had some education, hadn't they?"

"Yes; but can't we get education as well as they?"

"How do you propose to get it?"

"I propose to go to one of those seminaries."

"Go to a seminary!" shouted her husband. "Why, you're too old."

"Too old, Leander! Why, I'm not twenty-three, and you told me this morning that I didn't look more than eighteen!"

Southwick of course saw the absurdity of his wife's position, but realizing it was useless to try to dissuade her, relaxed his efforts and finally acquiesced in her decision.

* * * * * * *

"By Jove! She's a dandy! Do you suppose Bert'll have the first dance with her at the next reception?"

"I don't know about that. I think if you wanted to you could cut Bert Fairbanks out."

The speakers were two seniors of Stanford seminary at Ephesus, N. H. Stanford is a boarding school for both sexes, and takes high rank among coeducational institutions.

But, strange as it may appear, its more than local renown is derived from its sheet and pillow case parties.

At these parties the young ladies' faces are masked, their forms are draped with sheets arranged in Greek fashion and their heads are enveloped in pillow cases.

What makes the parties especially enjoyable is that they are not previously announced. For not until the sheeted forms, like a troop of ghosts, file into the concert hall are the young men aware that the monthly reception has been varied.

The presence of a "new girl" adds a bit of sensation to a Stanford reception. It was a "new girl" of whom the two seniors were speaking.

She was tall and slender, of graceful figure and of fair complexion. Her blue eyes sparkled under long lashes, and a perfect Roman nose gave her an air of superior intelligence.

Her mouth was shapely, if not small, and was capable of the sweetest smile, although its general expression was one of mischief.

Such was the Sophronia Southwick of Stanford—a decided improvement on the Sophronia Southwick of rural Northrop.

By an inadvertence on the part of the secretary, coupled with Sophronia's love of mystery, she had been registered as Miss instead of Mrs. Southwick.

Leander Southwick was not an adept in killing time; therefore, after Sophronia's departure he had sufficient time on his hands to furnish him with a problem more perplexing than the distribution of his suddenly acquired wealth. Letters from Ephesus somewhat broke the monotony of his life.

One especially delighted him. He tore it open and read with avidity.

It was a breezy epistle, and in it Sophronia disclosed in gushing language the secret of the sheet and pillow case diversion.

"It's going to be awfully jolly," she wrote. "Not a soul will know us. That mole on my right hand, by which you could always tell me when we went to the masquerades, hasn't been noticed here, I think. How I wish you could be here."

* * * * * * *

"Have you asked her yet?"

"No, I thought I'd better wait till she came up."

"But suppose Fairbanks has asked her?"

"Oh, I don't believe he's got the nerve. Besides, Miss Southwick dosen't care for him, anyway."

This dialogue between Clarence Whitney and Chet Tufts took place near the platform of the concert hall in Stanford seminary.

About twenty other boy students were present, and by and by, as the orchestra began to "tune up," the townspeople flocked in.

When the 8 o'clock bell rang the settees were filled and a great crowd was about the door which led to the girls' corridor.

An "Oh!" of delicious surprise came from the assembled crowd as the sheeted forms filed in.

The orchestra struck up a march and Tufts almost instantly took unto himself a partner.

Whitney prepared to do likewise.

But simultaneous with Whitney, a man, not a student and apparently a stranger, seized a shapely hand which hung from a gracefully shaped sleeve.

"I beg your pardon," said Whitney, glaring at the stranger.

"I beg your pardon," replied the stranger, with considerable feeling.

To this Whitney impatiently retorted:

"Excuse me, sir, but I have this lady and mean to keep her."

"You mean to keep her, do you? Do you know who she is? This woman is my wife, you puppy."

"Wife!" exclaimed the bystanders.

"Oh!" groaned several, while the sheeted form shrank toward Whitney.

One tall form pushed its way through the crowd to hear the stranger declare:

"This woman is my wife!"

Horror stricken, she cast a swift, sharp glance at the stranger, uttered a wild shriek, and would have fallen to the floor had she not been supported by one of the professors.

She had fainted, and was conducted from the room.

"Miss Southwich has fainted!" cried several.

Then the figure, which the stranger claimed as that of his wife, removed the mask, revealing the dark, snappy eyes of Miss Walcott.

The stranger looked dumfounded, then gasped:

"It isn't her!"

The principal, addressing the stranger, demanded sharply, "Who are you, sir, and what do you mean by causing such a disturbance?"

Leander, for the stranger was Sophronia's husband, swiftly reasoning that an expose might cause Sophronia's expulsion from the seminary, faltered:

"I am very sorry, sir. I didn't mean what I said. I am"——

He did not finish this sentence. Instead he fled from the room precipitously.

* * * * * * *

On the following day Sophronia was missed from her seat at table.

She was suffering from mental rather than from physical distress. Until now she had never experienced the pangs of jealousy. At the same time the horrible suspicion possessed her that Leander was a bigamist.

"Oh, what a fool I was," she sobbed.

"Now I know why he didn't want me to come here. I shall tell that Miss Walcott just what I think of her."

Sophronia finally concluded, however, to take her departure from the seminary without creating a scene.

She went directly to the railway station.

While she was purchasing a ticket she felt a hand upon her shoulder, and turning beheld Leander.

"You here!"

His consternation was no less than hers, and he also said:

"You here!"

"Oh, how could you, Leander?"

Evidently she was prepared for a confession from her spouse.

Imagine her astonishment, therefore, when instead of making a confession he began to load her with reproaches.

"I now see," he said, "why you were so crazy to go to a boarding school. I never dreamed that my wife was a natural born flirt. Think how I must have felt hearing those seminary cubs talking about and disputing over my wife, Miss Southwick."

"Oh, Leander, I am not to blame. I didn't mean"——

"Oh, that's a pretty way to get out of it! You pretended you wasn't married."

"For pity's sake talk grammar, if you can't sense," said Sophronia resentfully, at the same time drying her eyes and glaring at him contemptuously.

"Never mind the grammar. How about them fellows?"

"Never mind those fellows. How about your other wife?"

"My other wife?"

"Yes, your other wife. Miss Walcott, as she calls herself."

"Miss Walcott! Who the deuce is Miss Walcott?"

"I know and you know who she is," replied Sophronia, "but for pity's sake don't make so much noise. The whole town will hear us, and I want to get out of this place and never set my foot in it again."

"You don't want to get out of it any more than I do. Here's the train now," he added, as the shrill whistle of the locomotive was heard in the distance.

When the train stopped Leander took a seat in the smoker and Sophronia entered the rear car.

Thus they proceeded on their way toward Northrop.

They had not made many miles when Sophronia gladly would have joined her husband, but to go into the smoker was of course out of the question.

It was with a feeling akin to joy, therefore, that she beheld him return to her side.

Yet she did not greet him with any protestations of affection, for the spirit of Miss Walcott was still hovering near.

"I don't see how any one could be as mean as you have been," was her greeting.

"What ails you?" he asked. "Have you got another fit of Miss—what's her name?"

"Miss Walcott—you know her name. You needn't pretend you don't."

"I ain't pretending anything. You've done all the pretending, Miss Southwick."

"I never said my name was Miss Southwick. That was a mistake of the secretary."

"But what about them fellows?"

"I don't know anything about them. They had a right to be at the reception. Now, will you be so kind as to explain who Miss Walcott is and how you came to acknowledge her as your wife before the whole school?"

Dawn now peered into Leander's brain, and he laughed heartily as he realized what complications had been wrought by the mole on Sophronia's hand, and Sophronia joined in his laughter when he had explained to her his mistake.

"I wanted to give you a surprise," he said.

"My letter, I suppose, put that in your head."

"Yes, dear."

Two weeks after the memorable sheet and pillow case party, the principal of Stanford seminary announced to the students the following munificent endowments:

First—$25,000 for the erection of a gymnasium, to be known as the Southwick gymnasium.

Second $10,000 to establish a scholarship for married couples of limited means, said scholarship to be known as the Sophronia scholarship.—Edwardine Bailey in Boston Globe.

Got the Mitten Every Time.

"I can marry any girl I please," was his exclamation, but unfortunately then he did not please any; and there was a plain reason for it. He had contracted catarrh of the worst form, and, although a wealthy, educated, attractive person every other way, he was positively repulsive to his lady friends, a number of whom rejected his offers of marriage. A friend advised him to use Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. He took his advice, and now is the most popular beau in town, and he really can "marry any girl he pleases" to ask. It made his breath pure and sweet, he has no headache, no offensive discharges from the nose, in short is in perfect health, and all from using a few bottles of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy.

H. A. HEATH & CO.,
JEWELERS,
No. 162 Thames Street.
DIAMONDS, WATCHES.

SOUVENIR SPOONS,
Comprising the Old Stone Mill, Newport; the Limerocks, Newport; the Dumplings, Jamestown; Casino, Narragansett Pier; Mohegan Bluffs, Block Island

Charles W. Gardiner & Co.,
Plasterers AND Stone Masons,
142 Thames Street.

Eating for Pleasure
is by no means so general as one might expect. Many folks eat from habit, others as a matter of duty, while the poor dyspeptic sustains himself mostly on the contemplation of what he cannot eat at all.

The healthfulness of food is almost altogether a matter of preparation. The difference between food cooked with the new health food

COTTOLENE

and that cooked with hog's Lard is just this—one fills a long-felt want, the other causes a long-felt ache. The only thing against COTTOLENE is that it's new. But so were the sewing machine and the clothes wringer once on a time.

Try COTTOLENE now.
At leading grocers.
Manufactured only by
N. K. FAIRBANK & CO.
CHICAGO, and
5 Central Wharf, Boston.

THE TRADES.

F. A. ALLAN,
Carpenter AND Builder
17 WARNER STREET.

GODDARD & BARLOW,
PRACTICAL
Tinsmiths and Metal Workers,
REAR OF 122 THAMES STREET.
Work done at reasonable rates. Tin roofing and general jobbing.

J. D. JOHNSTON,
Architect and Builder.
Plans and Estimates furnished on application. General Jobbing, Mason, Tile and Stucco Work Executed with despatch.
Shop, 68 Mill street. P. O. Box. 161 | Office, 70 Pelham St. Residence, 166 Church

J. B. COTTRELL,
MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKER.
Warner street, opp. Island Cemetery.

MURAL TABLETS
Of artistic design and workmanship, by
P. STEVENS'S SON,
29 Thames Street.

C. Philip Frank,
PAINTER AND GLAZIER,
Shop, 63 Bridge St., Residence, 21 Third St.
Work done at reasonable rates and will receive prompt and personal attention.

ESTABLISHED 1845
James Openshaw
SUCCESSOR TO
McAdam & Openshaw, N. M. Chaffee & Co. and J. G. Weaver, Jr.,
PRACTICAL and SANITARY PLUMBER,
No. 6 MILL STREET.
Telephone connection.

SAMUEL H. OXX, Agent,
24 Third Street,
Carpenter AND Builder
Improvements and repairs well and promptly done.
Orders left with Mr. Walter Sherman, No. 145 Thames street, New York Book Store, will be immediately attended to.

"OUR TRADE MARK"
Hams AND Boneless Bacon

"OUR CONSTANT AIM IS TO MAKE THEM THE FINEST IN THE WORLD."
F. A. FERRIS & COMPANY

PRINTING AT DAILY NEWS JOB OFFICE.

INSTRUCTION.

F. M. SISSON,
TEACHER OF PENMANSHIP, BOOK KEEPING and ARITHMETIC.
Evening Writing School, Tuesday and Friday evenings. Special class for young ladies every Wednesday evening. Terms—16 lessons, $3.50, payable in advance. F. M. SISSON, 319 Spring St.

P. J. MERGES,
(Formerly teacher at the summer sessions of the Virginia Normal Music School), Teacher of Piano, Organ, Voice Culture and Singing. Training of young teachers a specialty.
Studio At Brayton House (Annex) 44 PELHAM STREET.

MR. IRVING P. IRONS,
Teacher of Music,
Has removed his studio to
No. 33 CORNE STREET.
Arrangements for lessons may be made on Saturdays and Mondays.

MRS. J. P. CURLEY,
TEACHER of FRENCH and PIANO.
French taught privately or in classes.
No. 26 Division Street.

FRENCH LANGUAGE.
MADAME PROUJSICE,
Who has had experience and great success in teaching the French language (Parisian) and who is now making her home in Newport, would be pleased to receive pupils for class or private lessons. A thorough knowledge imparted, both gramatically and conversationally, including French literature. Highest references.

Alfred G. Langley, A. M.,
PRIVATE TUTOR.
School Street. Call from 1 to 3 P. M.
Also Piano Instruction and Accompanying.

DRUGGISTS.

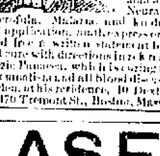
Re-opening
—OF—
North End Pharmacy,
March 7, 1892,
By the new proprietors,
LOMMEL & MOLDEN.
We have a complete stock of
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, TOILET ARTICLES, SPONGES, PERFUMERY
And all articles belonging in a drug store.
Prescriptions carefully compounded, the medicine department being in charge of the well-known druggist, Jacob Lommel, who will be glad to meet his old patrons, and all new ones, at his old stand.
Call and see us at
106 BROADWAY.

DOWNING'S
EMULSION OF PURE COD LIVER OIL
With LIME and SODA,
A reliable remedy for coughs, colds and general debility.
Price 75c. a bottle.
—AT—
DOWNING BROS.',
Nos. 42 & 44 BROADWAY

FRESH STOCK
Wright's Perfumes!
The best in the market.
JAMES T. WRIGHT,
WASHINGTON SQUARE

ESTABLISHED 1780.
HAZARD, HAZARD & CO.,
Successors to Caswell, Hazard & Co.,
Chemists and Druggists.
Instrument Makers.
No. 6 Cologne, Elixir Calisaya Ferrophos, Cod Liver Oil, etc.
5th AVE. HOTEL,
39th ST. AND 6th AVE., NEW YORK,
212 THAMES STREET, - NEWPORT, R. I.

WM. H. COTTON,
Druggist and Apothecary,
OLD NO. 145, NEW NO. 224 THAMES STREET
NEWPORT, R. I.
Residence, Cotton's Court



REV. JOHN ALDEN,
One of New England's oldest and best known Clergymen, given up to die. SAVED at 80 years of age. His marvellous cure of Inflammatory Rheumatism, by using the most Wonderful Remedy ever discovered. All persons afflicted with Rheumatism, Neuralgia, LaGrippe, Catarrh, Scrofula, Malaria, and kindred diseases, upon personal application, and express or otherwise, will be furnished free a written statement by him, of his sufferings and cure with directions in reference to obtaining this New Magic Panacea, which is curing thousands suffering from Rheumatism and all blood diseases. Address, Rev. John Alden, at his residence, 10 Dexter St., Providence, R. I., or 170 Tremont St., Boston, Mass.

EASELS.
Easel and picture, $3.00.
156 THAMES STREET,
STAFFORD BRYER.

WATER.
Persons desirous of having water introduced into residences or places of business should make application at the office of the Newport Water Works, 5 West Marlboro' street. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 2 P. M.

GROCERIES.

Received Weekly,
Old Government Java Coffee,
30 cents per pound,
3 1-2 pounds for $1.00.
Young Brothers,
130 Thames Street.

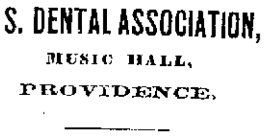
BEST IN THE WORLD.
WASHBURN'S
Triple Ex. Flour.
This flour was awarded the "GOLD MEDAL" at the Millers' International Exhibition, Cincinnati, in competition OVER ALL OTHERS. It is "A WINNER" and HOUSEKEEPERS use it only to praise it. It costs no more than ordinary brands of flour, and if you like delicious bread, biscuit and rolls give it a trial. Headquarters
—AT—
THE BOSTON GROCERY,
(Smith's new Building, Broadway.)
O. F. WILCOX. Prop'r.

ESTABLISHED 1814.
Armour's Extract Beef
2 oz., 35c; 4 oz., 65c.; 8 oz., $1.25.
PERFECTLY PURE
UNFERMENTED APPLE JUICE.
Bath Oliver Biscuit,
Domino Cut and French Beet Root Sugar for afternoon teas.
C. Sherman & Co.,
243 & 245 Thames Street.

NEW MIXED NUTS,
15c. a lb.
Glace Fruits, all kinds,
60c. a lb.
NEW JAMS,
20c. a jar.
P. Bryer & Son.

Phil Stevens,
Meat AND Groceries,
48 & 50 Thames Street.

John H. Crosby, Jr.,
BELLEVUE AVENUE,
DEALER IN
FINE GROCERIES.
Fresh and Salt Meats, Vegetables of all kinds Choice Teas, Pure Spices and Coffees, Butter and Cheese from best Vermont and New York daries constantly on hand. A large variety of standard Canned Goods; also a complete assortment of goods usually kept in a first-class store.



U. S. DENTAL ASSOCIATION,
MUSIC HALL,
PROVIDENCE.

The largest and best equipped organization for the practice of scientific dentistry in the world. All the most approved methods and each department in charge of a graduate of skill and experience. While our prices are moderate, our motto is "Not how cheap, but how good."

Extracting	$0 25
Extracting with Gas or Zonine	50
Cleaning	75
Filling with Silver	75
Filling with Platina	1 00
Filling with Gold	according to size
Very Best Teeth (Full Set)	$8 00
Solid Gold Crowns	$ 7.50
Gold-Lined Plates (Full Set)	15.00
Solid Gold Plates (Full Set)	25.00

Fine Cut Flowers
AND PLANTS.
Funeral and wedding work a specialty. Prices low.
H. J. HASS, THE FLORIST,
No. 234 THAMES STREET.
Connected by telephone.

FINANCIAL.

George W. Flagg,
BANKER AND BROKER,
12 FRANKLIN STREET.
Local Stocks and Investments a specialty.

Sheldon & Binney,
BANKERS,
28 Westminster St., Providence, R. I.,
Transact a General Banking Business. Dealers in Stocks, Bonds, Local Securities, Foreign Exchange.
Interest allowed on deposits subject to check at sight.
Private telegraph wires to New York and Boston.
CHARLES H. SHELDON, JR. WILLIAM BINNEY, JR.

$500,000
1st Mortgage 5 Per Cent, GOLD BONDS
Edison Electric Illuminating Company
OF BROOKLYN, N. Y.
Dated Oct. 1, 1890. Due Oct. 1, 1940.
Interest payable April and October.
Redeemable at 110 and interest after Oct. 1, 1900, at Company's option.
The undersigned will receive subscriptions for the same at the price of 101½ and accrued interest.
Subscription books will be opened Wednesday, March 16, at 9 A. M., and closed Friday, March 18, at 3 P. M., and allotment made as soon thereafter as possible. The right is reserved to reject any or all offers or bids, to allot a smaller amount than subscribed for, and to close the books at an earlier date than that mentioned.
Terms of payment: 10 per cent. payable upon application, balance within 10 days after allotment, at which time the bonds will be ready for delivery.
Full particulars upon application.
SPENCER TRASK & CO.,
5 & 7 Exchange St., Providence.

A Safe Investment.
6 per cent.
FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS
OF THE
CITY OF CHICAGO GRAIN ELEVATOR COMPANY, Limited
for sale on terms favorable to investors. The Company owns eight Elevators, the largest combination in Chicago, and is doing the largest business. These bonds are recommended as a conservative investment, being secured by railway terminal property of the first class.
For full particulars address
DRAKE, MASTIN & CO., Bankers & Brokers, Drexel B'ld'g, N. Y. City.

Letters of Credit.
We buy and sell Bills of Exchange on and make cable transfers of money to Europe, Australia, and the West Indies; also make Collections and issue Commercial and Travelling Credits, available in all parts of the world.
Brown Brothers & Co.,
BANKERS, No. 59 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

£ FOREIGN EXCHANGE. £
Exchange on all parts of Europe for sale at current prices. London Correspondents, Messrs. Morton, Rose & Co. Paris Correspondents, Messrs. Drexel, Harjes & Co. Foreign money bought and sold; also mutilated currency and silver.
A. S. SHERMAN. Merchants' Bank.

WILBOUR, JACKSON & CO.,
BANKERS
48 and 52 Weybosset Street,
PROVIDENCE, R. I.
Private telegraph wires to New York and Boston

W. F. SPINGLER,
NO. 146 BELLEVUE AVENUE.
Mattresses MADE OVER,
Furniture REUPHOLSTERED.

Implement Headquarters,
19 & 23 BROADWAY.
SEEDS, FERTILIZERS, HARDWARE, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES AND BRUSHES.
Just arrived, 5 tons Prince's, English Tinted Lead; when mixed will make your paint cost 93c. per gallon. Cheapest and best.
Carload of Wheelbarrows, direct from the factory.
60 tons of Fertilizer and Lawn Dressers.
50 of those Spring Pawl Philadelphia Lawn Mowers.
Two carloads of Potatoes now loading at Holton, Mo., to arrive in a few days; all choice varieties for seed.
90,000 feet Poultry Netting just received; prices to compete with any or all.
—AT—
GEO. A. WEAVER'S,
NEWPORT, R. I.

PRINTING AT DAILY NEWS JOB OFFICE.

STRANGERS' DIRECTORY

Armory of Newport Artillery, Clarke street—Open daily to visitors.

U. S. Naval Training Station, Coasters Harbor Island—Open to visitors from 3 P. M. till sunset daily. Sunday services at 10.30 A. M.

Fort Adams—Signal drill from 7 to 8 A. M. and guard mount and dress parade 9 A. M. and drill 10 to 11 daily except Saturdays and Sundays. Band concerts Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays from 4 to 5 P. M.

Redwood Library, Bellevue avenue—Open to visitors daily, Sundays excepted, from 12 M. to 2 P. M. Open to subscribers from 10 A. M. to 6 P. M.

People's Library, 260 Thames street—Open from 10 A. M. to 8 P. M. daily (except on Sundays), and on Saturdays until 9 P. M.

Newport Historical Society, Touro street—Open from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

Natural History Society, Touro street—Open daily from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M. Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Electric Street Cars connect at Commercial wharf for Beach, Mile Corner and Morton Park.

Cliff Walk—Extending from Easton's to Bailey's beaches past the residences of Mrs. Gammell, Robert and Ogden Goelet, L. L. Lorillard, Cornelius Vanderbilt, Fairman Rogers, August Belmont, the Astors, Dr. C. N. Bell, W. K. and F. Vanderbilt and others. Open to the public.

Drives—Bellevue avenue, from Jewish Cemetery to Bailey's beach; Ocean avenue, "tenmile drive," from Bailey's beach along the south shore, by Grave's Point, Bateman's, Castle Hill, Fort Adams, Brenton's Cove, along the crest of Haldon Hill with its superb views of the harbor, the islands and the bay; West road, from Broadway to Bristol Ferry, nine miles, by Lawton's Valley, the Coal Mines and Portsmouth Grove, with full view of the bay; East road, from Broadway to Stone Bridge, twelve miles; Paradise road, from Second beach, by Hanging Rocks to Indian avenue; Indian avenue, continuing north along East shore.

POSTOFFICE.

February 1, 1892.

Office hours from 7 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 8 to 9 A. M.

Money Order and Registry departments 8 A. M. to 7 P. M.

Lobby open from 7 A. M. to 9 P. M. Sundays 8 A. M. to 5.30 P. M.

Close. A.M.	Close. P.M.		Open. A.M.	Open. P.M.
	4 00	New York, Southern and	9 30	1 30
10 00	7 45	Western.		7 30
7 05	2 30		9 30	1 30
10 00	4 45	Boston & Eastern States	11 30	6 30
	7 45			
7 05	2 30		9 30	1 30
10 00	7 45	Providence, R. I.	11 30	2 30
				7 30
7 05	12 30		9 30	2 30
	2 30	Fall River, Mass.	11 30	6 30
	4 45			
	7 45			
7 05	12 30		9 30	6 30
	4 45	New Bedford, Mass.	11 30	
	7 45			
	4 45	Bristol Ferry, R. I.	11 30	6 30
7 30	12 30	Tiverton & Portsmouth.	11 30	7 00
	4 45			
7 30	12 30	South Portsmouth, R. I.		7 00
	11 30	Jamestown, R. I.		2 30
10 00		Wickford, R. I.		1 30
	12 00	Block Island, Tue., Thu., Sat. Mon., Wed., Fri.	11 30	

Sundays—Mails for all points, except Newport County, close at 5.30 P. M.

Collections from Street Letter Boxes.

	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Middletown line,	4.15	12.25	5.50
Broadway—Whitehall,	4.20	12.30	5.54
Broadway—Howard Ave.,	4.22	12.32	5.57
Warner—Gould,	4.25	12.35	6.00
Broadway—Caleb Earl,	4.28	12.38	6.04
Broadway—Bull,	4.30	12.40	6.10
Second—Willow,	4.34	12.44	6.17
Washington—Elm,	4.36	12.46	6.20
Thames—Bridge,	4.39	12.49	6.23
Washington square,	4.42	12.52	6.25
Thames—Mary,	4.44	12.54	6.27
Spring—Touro,	4.45	12.55	6.30
Kay—Brinley,	4.48	12.58	6.35
Kay—Ayrault,	4.50	1.00	5.35
Rhode Island avenue,	4.52	1.02	5.31
Catherine—Gibbs Ave.,	4.55	1.05	5.28
Catherine—Greenough,	4.58	1.08	5.23
Red Cross avenue,	5.00	1.10	5.25
Cottage street,	5.03	1.13	5.21
Newport Reading Room,	5.05	1.15	6.40
Pelham—Corne,	5.07	1.20	6.42
Spring—Mill,	5.09	1.22	6.45
Thames—Church,	5.11	1.23	6.48
Thames—Pelham,	5.12	1.24	6.50
Business Men's Association,	5.13	1.26	6.51
Spring—Dearborn,	5.21		5.05
Ochre Point,	6.00		
Bellevue—Narragansett,	6.05		5.10
Bellevue—Bellevue Ct.,	6.08		5.13
Bellevue—Bath road,	6.15	1.17	5.17

Delivery by carriers at 7.00 A. M., 9.45 A.M. and 2.30 P. M. Special delivery until 7.30 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Collection from boxes from 3 to 4 30 P. M., in order as above. Mails close at 5.30 P. M.

All complaints should be made personally or by letter to the postmaster.

HENRY H. FAY, Postmaster.

ART-TREASURES OF THE COMEDIE FRANCAISE.

In the public foyer and the adjoining gallery we see only a small part of the art-treasures of the Comedie Francaise. In the committee-rooms, the director's cabinet, the green-room, and in all the passages and lobbies of the part of the house reserved for the actors and the administration, there are busts, statues, and pictures innumerable, placed somewhat pell-mell for want of room. At the present moment, the catalogue, which is not complete, contains nearly four hundred numbers, comprising marbles, bronzes, terra-cottas, pictures, drawings, and engravings, without counting the drawings and engravings that are preserved in the portfolios of the archives of the house. This collection of works of art and of souvenirs, this museum of the Comedie Française, if we may so call it, is of relatively modern creation. In 1743 the green-room possessed only one portrait, that of Mlle. Duclos in the rôle of Ariane by Largillière. Subsequently other portraits were added, but the idea of systematically forming a museum was first suggested to the artistes by Jean Jacques Caffieri, who himself so largely contributed towards the enrichment of the new collection, and towards making the green room, in his own words, "*Le Depot des portraits de ceux qui ont illustre la scene.*" For besides the busts of Rotrou and Corneille already mentioned, the Comedie possesses by Caffieri the busts in marble of Piron, La Chaussée, De Belloy, J. B. Rousseau, and Thomas Corneille and busts in terra-cotta of La Fontaine and Quinault. These two latter, placed in a bad light at the head of the staircase of the administration, are admirable works, and one may say that they are absolutely unknown to the public. The same is the case with the marble busts of Mlle. Dumesnil (signed and dated Bougron, 1841) and of Adrienne Lecouvreur (Courtet, 1850), the latter a very charming work.—[Theodore Child, in the Magazine of Art for April.

A GREAT BOOM IN LAWN TENNIS.

"I am looking for a great boom in lawn tennis this summer," remarked a prominent dealer in sporting goods in New York a day or two ago.

"You see," he continued, "our orders for the season are already coming in, and we can judge pretty well by the 15th of March or the 1st of April what athletic sports will be the fad during the summer simply by looking over our order book.

"That the expectation is that lawn tennis will be very popular this season is shown by the number of orders we have received from proprietors of summer hotels and boarding houses. Last season, I venture to say, not one in ten of the resort hotels scattered along the Jersey coast clear down to Cape May provided free tennis for their guests. As to the boarding houses, hardly any of them came into line.

"But the tennis issue, so to speak, proved a most important one to many boarding house keepers. For example, there was a lady in here only the day before yesterday who ordered a complete tennis outfit, including a court marker and six of the finest racquets she could buy. Her story was that she conducts a resort at Asbury Park, and last season peremptorily refused to allow a tennis court to be laid out on her beautiful lawn. The result of which was,' she remarked to me, 'that I lost ten most desirable boarders, all young people, who said they could not live in the same house with a person of my cranky disposition. In addition to this they managed to keep other people away. This year, however, I am going to cater to their trade.'

"This," explained the dealer, "is only one case in fifty that has come under my attention recently. Last season, as I said before, the boarding house that provided tennis for its patrons was a novelty. This year the ones that do not have some kind of a court laid out will be rarities. In Asbury Park alone we have orders already from fifty different hotels and boarding houses, and one Long Branch Boniface has contracted for six nets already, all of the finest quality. In addition to this he will have a tent to be pitched on the lawn where players can retire to refresh themselves with free lemonade in the intervals between games. Even the austere boarding house mistresses of Ocean Grove have succumbed to the inevitable and will permit the fad 'to obtain a foothold on their own premises,' so to speak. Yes, there seems to me to be no reason to doubt but that lawn tennis will be more popular during the coming summer season than it has been heretofore. It is a healthful exercise and is about the only sport with athletic tendencies that women and men can both play at. A young lady looks more graceful when she makes the score 'fifteen—thirty' or 'our advantage' than she does whanging away at a croquet ball or fighting about the position of a wicket. Any game that can be played by both sexes without any extraordinary amount of squabbling is bound to be a success."

A tour among the other dealers in sporting goods tended to confirm this story. All report that the advance orders for tennis goods have been exceptionally large and that more people have called to look over stock than in any two previous years at this season.

Undoubtedly lawn tennis will be more popular than ever this coming summer.—[New York Commercial Advertiser.

WHAT THE CENSUS DETERMINES.

One of our exchanges concludes, after studying the census, that probably no one who has not obtained information on the subject could make a reasonable guess at the number of places in the United States containing one thousand or more inhabitants. The guesses by the uninformed are usually from 10,000 to 15,000, but the United States census discloses only 3,735. Moreover, there are only 2,552 that have a population exceeding 1,500. At the other end of the line the returns are no less remarkable, for there are only seven cities with a population exceeding 400,000. There is abundant room for growth if these cities and towns, but the places with 1,000 or more population already contain 41 per cent of the total population of the United States. The larger cities, it appears from the returns, are growing more rapidly than the country at large. Thus in 1880 there were 286 places having 8,000 inhabitants or more, the combined population of such places being 22 per cent. of the whole. In 1890 there were 448 such places, containing 29 per cent. of the whole population.

Notable Anniversaries.

March 19.

235—The Emperor Alexander Severus murdered.
1711—Thomas Ken, bishop of Bath and Wells, famous prelate in the reign of James II and William III, died.
1781—Thomas McKean, signer of the Declaration of Independence, born in New London, Chester county, Pa.; died 1817.
1748—Elias Hicks, founder of the Hicksite Quakers, born in Hempstead, N. Y.; died 1830.
1828—John J. Knox, famous as comptroller of the currency, born in Knoxboro, N. Y.
1858—Lucknow, stronghold of the Indian insurgents, captured by the English.
1860—Mrs. Anna Jameson, author, died in London; born 1797.
1872—Town hall and famous art galleries at Dusseldorf, Germany, burned.
1873—City of San Salvador destroyed by earthquakes; 50 lives lost and $12,000,000 in property destroyed.
1883—John P. King, ex-United States senator, died in Atlanta; born 1799.
1891—Joseph Perrien, a rich Detroit miller, was kidnapped and $15,000 ransom demanded, but he was released after 22 hours captivity in a secluded building.

March 20.

43 B. C.—Publius Ovidius Naso, Roman poet known as Ovid, born; died in exile A. D. 18.
268—Publius Gallienus, the cruel Roman emperor, assassinated.
1687—La Salle murdered in the wilds of Texas by his discontented followers; famous explorer of the west.
1727—Sir Isaac Newton, philospher, died; born 1642.
1793—Lord Chief Justice Mansfield died; born 1705.
1847—Mlle. Mars, famous French comic actress, died.
1863—Battle of Vaught's Hill, near Milton, Tenn.
1865—Stoneman began his last raid in southwestern Virginia and adjacent sections.
1890—Raymond Deslandes, French dramatist, died in Paris, aged 65.
1891—Lawrence Barrett (Brannigan), actor, died in New York.

G. O. TAYLOR WHISKEYS
GUARANTEED PURE.
UNIFORM IN QUALITY.
MEDICINALLY VALUABLE
—AND—
Without a Trace of Fusil Oil
NOT Sold in bulk or by measure. Always in sealed bottles.
BEWARE Of imitations and refilled bottles.
SOLD GENERALLY BY
DRUGGISTS, GROCERS, WINE MERCHANTS and HOTELS.
LOOK for proprietors' firm name signature,
CHESTER H. GRAVES & SONS.
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

HOTELS.

NEW
U. S. Hotel,
Cor. Thames and Pelham Sts.
NOW OPEN.
Newly re-fitted and re-furnished.
Steam heat. Electric bells.
L. F. ATTLETON,
(Formerly of the Aquidneck.)
MANAGER.

NEW MANAGEMENT.
Metropolitan Hotel
Broadway and Prince Street,
NEW YORK.
EUROPEAN PLAN. Rooms $1 per day and upwards. Elevator runs all night.
HILDRETH & ALLEN, Proprietors.
D. M. HILDRETH. F. J. ALLEN. W. E. HILDRETH.

PARK HOUSE,
WASHINGTON SQUARE.
JAMES M. MEAD, Proprietor.

EVERETT HOUSE.
4TH AVENUE AND 17TH STREET,
NEW YORK.
Centrally located. Overlooking Union Square
Table service a la Carte.
JOHN G. WEAVER, JR., & CO.

OCEAN HOUSE.
NEWPORT.
J. G. WEAVER, Proprietor.
J. G. WEAVER, JR., Manager.

Cocoas MADE BY THE DUTCH PROCESS
are "Treated with Carbonate of Soda, Magnesia, Potash or Bicarbonate of Soda."
The use of chemicals can be readily detected by the peculiar odor from newly opened packages, and also from a glass of water in which a small quantity of chemically treated cocoa has been placed and allowed to remain for several days.
For more than One Hundred Years the house of Walter Baker & Co. have made their Cocoa Preparations ABSOLUTELY PURE, using NO Patent Process, Alkalies, or Dyes.
W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

PURE, ECONOMICAL.
Compare quality and price with any other.
SAMPLE FREE.
STEPHEN L. BARTLETT, Importer, Boston, Mass.

Bay State Guitars Mandolins Banjos

These have received the highest honors in competition, Six Silver, Three Bronze, One Gold Medal and Three Diplomas.
Musical Instruments of every description, including *Haynes Excelsior and Wm. B. Tilton Guitars*, Band and Orchestral Instruments, Strings, etc. Send for Catalogue.
J. C. HAYNES & CO., Boston, Mass

Use BERRY'S
Authemeron Canker Cure.
A safe, reliable and effectual remedy for canker in the mouth, throat, stomach and bowels. For sale by all druggists.
25 CENTS PER BOTTLE.
Cutler Bros. & Co., Prop's, Boston, Mass.

Made of galvanized iron and copper. Strong upward draft. Exhausts foul air, odors, gases, steam etc. from mills, stores and dwellings; cures smoky chimneys. Perfectly storm-proof.
Galvanized iron and copper cornices and gutters. Sheet metal work for buildings. Send for illustrated circular.
E. VAN NOORDEN & CO.,
383 Harrison Ave., BOSTON, Mass

The New Illuminator
PARLOR STOVE
is the most cheerful, economical and best heating stove we have ever seen. For sale in Newport only by
WM. K. COVELL, JR.,
Sole Agent,
No. 163 THAMES STREET

DRY GOODS.

PRETTY
GINGHAMS!
Large assortment of ginghams now on hand for the spring trade.
Some very pretty ones in pink and heliotrope. Small checks and stripes suitable for children's wear.
G. M. DOCKRAY,
No. 204 Thames Street.

Spring Dress Goods.
SPRING COLORS
—IN—
PLAIN and FANCY WOOL GOODS
and all kinds of
WashGoods
—AT—
JAMES H. HAMMETT'S,
166 Thames Street.

JUST RECEIVED,
a large lot of
READY-MADE
SHEETS and PILLOW SLIPS
At very low prices.
Wm. B. Sherman, Jr.,
Cor. Thames and Mary Streets.

J. E. JONES & CO.,
20 TO 26 ARCADE,
PROVIDENCE.

FIFTY DOZEN LADIES'
TRUNK HOSE
—AT—
37 1-2 cents.
usually sold for 62½c.
Not to be found elsewhere in Providence at the same price.
H. W. LADD CO.,
213–217 Westminster St.,
PROVIDENCE, R. I.

OPENING
OF
FOREIGN DRESS GOODS!
For Spring and Summer!
We make our opening display in our third floor rooms.
As in the past years it is an exposition of extraordinary interest.
The season's novelties introduce effects entirely distinct from the ruling designs of past productions.
They are very beautiful, extremely rich and of pronounced character.
Special attention given to mail orders.
H. W. LADD CO.

P. J. MURPHY
Practical Plumber
Successor to C. Greason.
SPRING ST., ONE DOOR NORTH OF MILL STREET.
Sanitary plumbing and ventilation a specialty and will receive prompt and personal attention. Connection by telephone.

TRAVELERS' DIRECTORY.

CONTINENTAL STEAMBOAT CO.
LEAVE NEWPORT FOR
PROVIDENCE
Week days at 8 A. M.; leave Providence for Newport week days at 4 P. M.
Stop at Prudence Tuesdays and Fridays only. Stop at Conanicut Fridays only.
EXCURSION TICKETS ONLY 50 CENTS.
All freight must be delivered at wharf 30 minutes before boat leaves to insure shipment.
A. LIVINGSTON MASON, General Manager.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

Easter Photographs
The Latest Fad.
GO TO
FRANK H. CHILD,
Practical Photographer,
242 THAMES STREET,
CORNER MILL.
Artistic Pictures in Bridal, Ball and Evening Costumes.
This is one of my leading specialties, guaranteeing the finest detail, both in garment and decorative ornaments. Special attention devoted to the artistic posing of all subjects by

Holloway
The Leading Photographer.
Photographic Apparatus.
Outfits for amateurs, the Kodak and other styles of Detective Cameras. Complete line of supplies. Developing, printing, enlarging and architectural blue printing. Optical lantern to rent.
GEO. H. CHASE,
ROOM 4. 201 THAMES STREET.

Vacuum Oil Company,
MANUFACTURERS OF
"The Oil That Lubricates Most."
600 W Cylinder Oil, 65c. per gal.
Arctic Engine Oil, 50c. per gal.
They Cost More by the Gallon.
But Less by the Day.
Write for our book on Lubrication, sent free. It will interest you.
45 PURCHASE STREET, BOSTON.

Dr. Wm. B. Solomon
Has Removed his Office to the Barlow Building,
No. 145 Thames Street,
Upstairs, where he will be permanently located. Office open every Monday and Tuesday of each week. Office hours 9 A. M. to 12 M., 2 to 6 and 7 to 9 P. M.

Singer Machines
In black walnut and oak cabinet work; late styles and elegant finish. Instalment plan.
BROADWAY, GEO. A. PRITCHARD, Agent.

TRAVELERS' DIRECTORY.

OLD COLONY RAILROAD.
Time tables showing local and through train service, between all stations, may be obtained at all ticket offices of this company.
On and after Monday, January 4, 1892, trains will leave **Newport** for **Boston, week days,** 7.35, 10.15 a. m., a12.50, 2.55, 5.15 p. m. **Return** 6.45, 8.30, a9.30, 11.40 a. m., 3.40, 4.55, 1:5.00, p. m. **Portsmouth Grove,** 07.35, c10.15 a. m., c6.[illegible] p. m. **Coal Mines,** 7.35, 10.15 a. m., 2.25 p. m. **Bristol Ferry,** 7.35, 10.15 a. m., 2.55, 5.15 p. m. **Tiverton,** 7.35, 10.15 a.m., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 p. m. **Fall River,** 7.35, 10.15 a. m., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 p. m. **Taunton,** 7.35, 10.15 a. m., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 p. m. **Middleboro',** 7.35, 10.15 a. m., 2.55, 5.15 p. m. **Cape Cod,** 7.35 a. m., 2.55 p. m. **Plymouth,** 7.35 a. m., 2.55 p. m. **New Bedford,** 7.35, 10.15 a.m., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 p.m. **Fitchburg and Stations on Northern Division,** 7.35, 10.15 a. m., 2.55 p. m. **Lowell,** 7.35 a. m., 2.55 p. m. **Cottage City, Oak Bluffs,** 7.35 a. m. **Nantucket,** 7.35 a. m. **Providence,** 7.35, 10.15 a. m., 2.55 5.15 p. m. **Return,** 7.45, 9.55 a. m., 12.40, 4.15 p. m.
SUNDAYS, for **Boston, Bristol Ferry, Tiverton, Fall River, Taunton, North Easton, Stoughton, Randolph, South Braintree, Braintree, Quincy, New Bedford,** 6.00 p. m. Return, 4.30 a. m.

a Park Square Station.
b Park Square Station, boat from Fall River.
c Will stop to leave passengers or when flagged.
J. R. KENDRICK, Gen'l Manager, Boston.
GEO. L. CONNOR, Gen. Pass. Agent, Boston.
J. H. FRENCH, Supt., Boston.
J. H. Jordan, Agent, Newport, R. I.

Only Two Dollars To New York
(for first-class limited tickets)
—VIA—
FALL RIVER LINE
STEAMERS
PLYMOUTH AND PROVIDENCE
IN COMMISSION.
Leave Newport week days only at 9 P. M. Due at New York at 7.30 A. M. Connection by annex boat for Brooklyn and Jersey City on arrival.
Returning, steamers leave New York from Pier 28, N. R., foot of Murray street, week days only, at 5.00 P. M. Annex connection from Brooklyn 4.30, Jersey City 4 P. M. Eastward steamers touch at Newport at about 3.30 A. M.
Sunday trips will be resumed commencing April 3d.
For tickets and staterooms apply at the New York and Boston Despatch Express office, 272 Thames street, J. I. Greene, ticket agent.
J. R. KENDRICK, Gen'l Manager, Boston.
GEO. L. CONNOR, Gen'l Pass'r Agent, Boston.
J. H. JORDAN, Agent, Newport, R. I.

NEWPORT & WICKFORD
RAILROAD AND STEAMBOAT CO
"The Wickford Route."
TIME TABLE
BETWEEN NEWPORT, BOSTON, PROVIDENCE AND NEW YORK.
IN EFFECT MONDAY, FEB. 1, 1892,
via Newport & Wickford R.R. and Steamboat Co. and New York, Boston & Providence R. R.
Leave Newport 10.20 A.M., arrive New York 4.30 P. M.; New Haven 2.25 P. M.; New London 12.07 P. M.; Providence 12.25 P. M.; Boston 1.55 P. M.
Leave Newport 4.30 P.M., arrive New York 11.00 P. M.; New Haven 9.05 P. M.; New London 7.46 P. M.; Providence 6.13 P. M.; Boston 7.30 P. M.
Leave Newport 8.15 P. M., arrive Providence 10.20 P.M.; New York (via Providence) 7.00 A.M.
Leave New York 12.00 night; New Haven 2.05 A. M.; New London 5.05 A. M.; Providence 6.40 A. M., arrive Newport 8.35 A. M.
Leave New York 5.00 A. M.; New Haven 7.25 A. M.; New London 10.25 A. M.; Boston 10.00 A. M.; Providence 11.10 A. M., arrive Newport 1.00 P. M.
Leave New York 1.00 P. M.; New Haven 3.05 P. M.; New London 4.32 P. M.; Boston 3.00 P. M.; Providence 5.00 P. M., arrive Newport 7.00 P. M.
Connection with steamer to and from Block Island.
Drawing Room Cars to and from Wickford Junction.
Tickets sold and baggage checked at steamer Eolus, Commercial wharf; at Transfer Co.'s office, No. 3 Fludder's block, Bellevue avenue, corner Catherine street.
Drawing room chairs can be secured at company's office, Commercial wharf.
J. B. GARDINER, Supt., Providence.
C. U. COFFIN, Agent, Newport.

Jamestown Ferry.
On and after February 29, 1892,
Steamer Conanicut,
Between Newport and Jamestown,
Leave Jamestown, 6.15, 8.15, 10.45 A. M.; 1.30, 3.30, 5.30 P. M. Sundays, 9.45 A. M.; 4.00 P. M.
Leave Newport, 6.45, 9.30, A. M.; 12 M.; 2.45, 4.15, *6.00 P. M. Sundays, 10.15 A. M. 4.30 P. M.
*Or on arrival of Providence Boat.

For Block Island.
Steamer Geo. W. Danielson, Captain Conley, will leave Commercial wharf Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 12.30 P. M. Returning, leave Block Island Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 8.30 A. M., weather permitting.

Boston & Philadelphia Steamship Co.
FROM
Fall River for Philadelphia
DIRECT.
STEAMERS SAIL FROM DERRICK WHARF, FALL RIVER, MASS.,
Every Wednesday and Saturday
AT 5 P. M.
CONNECTING AT PHILADELPHIA WITH ALL RAIL AND WATER LINES TO THE SOUTH AND WEST.
Close connections made with all points on the Old Colony Railroad and connecting roads.
FREQUENT DEPARTURES.
QUICK DESPATCH.
PROMPT DELIVERY.
Mark goods WINSOR LINE.
For rates and other information apply to
J. H. JORDAN, Agent O. C. R. R., or to
H. J. JERNEGAN, Agent Winsor Line, Derrick Wharf, Fall River.
E. B. SAMPSON, General Manager, Boston, Mass.

PRINTING AT DAILY NEWS JOB OFFICE.

PHYSICIANS AND DENTISTS.

MARY E. BALDWIN, M. D.,
Office Hours: 11 A. M. to 2 P. M. 6.30 to 7.30 P. M.
113 Touro St. Telephone number 6722-1.

W. S. SHERMAN, M. D.,
Doctor of Dental Surgery.
F. A. ARNOLD, D. M. D.
Office and residence, 139 Spring Street, Near Trinity Church.

DR. ANNIE NEWS
Has removed to the residence of the late Dr. King, 58 Bellevue avenue, entrance on Catherine street.
Hours 11 to 2 and evenings. Telephone No. 6713-5.

F. J. DAVIN, M. D.,
161 Broadway.
Office Hours—Newport till 9 A. M., 2 to 3 P. M., 6.30 to 7.30 P. M. Telephone 6708. Jamestown, Narragansett avenue, 10 to 1.

FOR SALE.

IF YOU WANT A SET OF
Good HICKORY WHEELS
leave your order with
J. S. BACHELLER, - - - Commercial Wharf.
P. O. Box 116.

SAFE.

A GOOD SECOND-HAND SAFE FOR SALE, cheap. Apply to Box 99, Daily News Office.

REDUCTION!

We have a few more

Woolen Wrappers

Which we wish to close out. Splendid shades—Garnet, Brown, Navy and Dark Green, at

ASTOUNDING PRICES!

Only a few sizes, such as 31, 36 and 38; no large sizes; the lot is small, there being about one dozen in all.

Indigo and spring shades of ginghams are selling fiercely. Have sold since January 1st over 350 wrappers. That is saying a great deal, but we are the people for wrappers. Give us a trial and I am sure you will never go anywhere else for wrappers.

Remember the number is 145. There is no other person in the town who manufactures their own wrappers and sells them for the prices we do. Remember the store is 145 and the name is

MISS LAPPIN.

☞ Dyeing and cleansing done here.

HERRMANN'S.

Cut Glass Silver-mounted Syrup Pitchers of entirely new design.
Assortment of Sterling Silver and Plated Ware, including Cake Baskets, Pickle Dishes, Tea Sets, etc.
Latest style Silver Standing Mirrors.
Full line of that ware just received, including Pickle, Sardine and Olive Forks; Butter Picks, Bon Bon Spoons, English Bread Forks, etc.
HERRMANN'S, 219 Thames Street.

WHITEWASH BRUSHES,

From 30c. to $3.00.

All kinds of Brushes, Brooms, etc.

Walsh Brothers, 222 Thames St.

LA GRIPPE.

Don't fail to try

DR. HOUGH'S
Cough and Lung Balsam

for that distressing cough which attends the grip. A quick and effective cure for all coughs, colds, croup or whooping cough.

Price 35 cents.

Sold by all druggists and medicine dealers.

BONDS.

We offer 30 Year Gold 5 Per Cent. City of Knoxville, Tenn., Bonds,

Dated October 1, 1891. Denomination $1000.

Interest payable semi-annually in April and October in New York city. Interest and principal payable in gold coin. We offer these at 104 and interest, yielding 4¾ per cent. interest. Full information cheerfully given on application.

J. H. BARNEY, JR., & CO.,
NATIONAL BANK OF R. I. BUILDING.

SKATES!

The largest assortment in the city, at

J. H. MARTIN'S
SPORTING GOODS STORE,
Cor. Thames St. & Washington Sq.

BATH, ENGLAND,
ORIGINAL
Oliver Biscuits,

30c. per tin 30c.

We have just received, direct from London, these famous biscuits. They are light, dry and delicate, with no sweetening, and very crisp. Delicious with cheese and salad or with a glass of good old sherry or port.

They are particularly adapted for children or invalids, being very digestible.

F. P. Garretson & Co.,

22½ Front St., New York, N. Y. 16 & 20 Washington Sq., Newport, R. I.

"YANKEE DOODLE."

Schooner Yankee Doodle has arrived and discharged

"PEA COAL,"

Which we can sell at

$4.00 a ton.

Perry Brothers.

CARPETS,
Wall Papers,
ETC.

NEW GOODS BEING RECEIVED DAILY.

Wm. C. Cozzens & Co.,
138 THAMES STREET.

TODAY'S NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Cottolene; 6th page.
Beecham's Pills; 3d page.
Atwater—Scarfs; 1st page.
Wanted—Situation; 4th page.
Dr. Greene's Nervura; 3d page.
M. E. Easton Notice; 4th page.
Radam's Microbe Killer; 4th page.
N. O. P. C. Co.—Latest Out; 1st page.
Price's Flavoring Extracts; 5th page.
Wanted—Girl for Housework; 4th page.
Opera House—Public Meeting; 5th page.
Mrs. J. P. Curley—Instruction; 6th page.
State House—Dem. Convention; 4th page.
Opera House—Hands Across the Sea; 5th pge.
Historical Soc'y—Adjourned Meeting; 4th pge.

LOCAL NOTES.

—A few sleighs are out.

—Mr. Howard Collins of New York is here for a few days.

—Mrs. Gammell will entertain guests at dinner tonight.

—The streets presented a deserted appearance last night.

—Mayor Honey was called to Providence today on important business.

—Spray is being thrown over the breakwater by the wind quite freely.

—No unfortunates appeared before Judge Baker at the Police Station this morning.

—Vice President Morton and wife and the Misses Morton have gone to Virginia Beach.

—Mr. W. Storrs Wells of New York, who has a cottage on Bellevue avenue, is in town.

—Mr. Nathaniel R. Swinburne, cashier of the First National Bank, is confined to his house by illness.

—Mr. Cornelius Sullivan, an employee at the Old Colony repair shop, has been confined to his home for several days by an abscess on one of his hands.

—It is decided to make the front line of the Boston Store addition even with that of the main building, at which every well wisher of the future of Thames street will be glad.

—The members of Division No 1 Ancient Order of Hibernians held a social in their hall on Thames street on St. Patrick's afternoon, at which nearly every member was present.

—Miss Louise, daughter of Mr. Lewis M. Rutherfurd, died suddenly in New York Thursday. The deceased was closely connected with the Lefroy, Dresser and other well known families.

—The annual meeting of the Historical Society last evening was adjourned to Monday, no other business being transacted. The members present had a pleasant interchange of anecdotes and reminiscences.

—Assistant Surgeon C. H. T. Lowndes has been detached from the Richmond and ordered to receiving ship Vermont at New York, and Passed Assistant Surgeon W. F. Arnold is detached from the Vermont and ordered to the Richmond.

—In the report of the St. Patrick's day entertainment at St. Mary's hall, the name of Miss Mary Linn of Providence, elocutionist and impersonator, was omitted. This was hardly fair to Miss Linn who made a very good impression, her imitations being very well done, and in very good taste.

—The marriage of Miss Nellie, daughter of Rev. G. W. Hunt, pastor of the Thames-street Methodist Episcopal Church, to Mr. Edward Y. Mason will take place at the church Monday evening. A reception will follow in the vestry, which will be prettily decorated by the young people of the church.

—The Easter offering at St. John's Church will be devoted to the indebtedness of the church and the children's offerings will be sent to the General Missionary Society of the church. The ladies of St. Mary's Guild, connected with the same church, are engaged in making new cottas for the choir. Through the efforts of the choir librarian, a suitable cabinet for the preservation of the music has been secured.

—Training Ship Portsmouth, commander C. D. Sigsbee, arrived at Trinidad March 7. The schedule of her winter cruise with mail address is as follows: From Port of Spain, April 5: from St. Thomas, April 15. Mail should be addressed as follows:—To the ship, care United States Consul, Port of Spain, Trinidad; from March 25 to April 10 to the ship, care United States Consul, St. Thomas, Danish West Indies; after April 10, to the ship at Fort Monroe, Va.

—The Newport Water Works Company has arranged to dredge some portion of the south part of Easton's pond, to add to the water works reservoir. A rotary sand pump has been placed in position to keep the excavation free from water while the work is being prosecuted. It was intended to have begun operations some days ago, but the unpleasant weather forced a temporary abandonment of the work. It is understood that a number of Italians are to be brought to this city to do the work.

—There are indications that the base ball players are preparing for the coming season. Mr. Joseph Bradford, who has so successfully captained the Aquidneck football club since its organization, has been elected captain and manager of the Pacific Base Ball Club. His selection gives assurance of a number of good games during the season, as Mr. Bradford believes in having as many games as possible. It is likely also that the Nine Stars will have a good team in the field, as Ed. Ferris, and others of last year's E.R. Goodridge team are probably to be found in their ranks. The nine has arranged for a ball in Easter week to secure suitable uniforms in which to appear.

CLEVELAND'S MINSTRELS.

The weather and more especially the walking last night were sufficient to materially reduce the attendance at the Opera House for any performance that might be given there, but it was not expected to make the audience as small as it proved to be with Cleveland's minstrels as the the attraction. It was evident from the small gallery attendance, especially, that many theatre goers were afraid that the performance would not be up to the standard. This was hardly fair to Manager Cleveland, considering the first class entertainments that he has furnished the people of Newport, and that it was a wrong idea was shown by the performance itself. Of course the old stars of minstrelsy, formerly with Cleveland, were not on the boards, but the men who took their places were able to give a first class minstrel performance and did so. The weakest part of the entertainment was at center and on the ends, in the first part. Two interlocutors were used and, between them, did well, but, until Rigby and Cushman took their turn as bones and tambo, the ends were not up to the standard which a Newport audience has become accustomed to expect. On the other hand the audience, in appreciation, warmth and size was not what a first class minstrel company has been accustomed to expect in Newport. The stage setting and singing in the first part were very good, the jokes, though many were old friends, were well told and the business passed off well. The second part was not so long as has often been the case when a company had a super abundance of talent. The musical team, Howard, Russell, Blackford and Talbert, was very good; Onda, in his ladder and trapeze work, was excellent, much of his work being new and all being well done; Hilton, in his contortion and equilibrium work, was good, though much of the effect of his work was due to its showy surroundings. The most comical part of the show was the effort of Girard Leon to induce his trick donkey Jack to sing. The audience, while greatly amused at the saw mill notes of the trainer, and the manner in which the donkey placed his ears at all sorts of angles to catch these strains, never expected that the donkey would sing, and when the trainer's musical (?) efforts were rewarded by the sweet tones from the donkey's mouth, the singer made an impression such as no other vocalist has probably ever been able to produce.

ATHLETIC CONTESTS.

The members of the Young Men's Christian Association gymnasium had another evening of athletic contests last night, in which Instructor Chesley participated taking the honors in most of the events. There were the same number of contests as last week and the record in several were better than at that time.

In the fifteen yards dash Pitman was first with Bailey second.

In the high jump Chesley was first with a record of 5ft., 4in., and Hart second with 5ft., 2in. to his credit. Last week Hart made a record of 5ft., 5in.

In the high kick Chesley was again the victor, reaching 8ft., 8in., with Peabody second at 7ft., 11in. Last week Hart won with a record of 8ft., 3in.

In the standing broad jump, Chesley was first at 8ft. 11 in., and Pitman second at 8ft. 10in. Last week Hart equalled Chesley's record, while Pitman, who was second at that time, fell 5½ inches sort of last evening's record.

In the standing hop, step and jump Chesley won with 26ft. 8¼in. to his credit, and Hart was second, with 26ft. 4in., which is two inches than he made last week.

In vaulting Peabody won, with a record of 6ft. 5in., and Chesley was second, with 6ft. 4in., to his credit, Peabody's record being the same as last week.

This afternoon the Rogers High School boys have their contests, and on Friday evening, April 1 there will be contests for all members for medals and prizes. The annual gymnasium exhibition will be held at Masonic Hall on Friday evening, April 8.

ASSEMBLY NOMINATIONS.

The Republicans of Portsmouth held a caucus in the Town Hall Thursday night for the nomination of a senator and representative to represent the party on the official ballot, and, as the nomination is tantamount to an election, to represent the town in the next General Assembly. As had been understood for some time, Senator William L. Sisson, who has served the town in the assembly since 1882, first as representative, and since 1884 as senator, declined a renomination. Mr. Edward F. Dyer, who since 1888 has represented the town in the house of representatives, was nominated for senator, and Mr. Henry Anthony, president of the town council, received the nomination to the lower house.

The caucus then nominated the following candidates for town officers, to be acted upon at the town meeting in April:—

For moderator, Joseph G. Dennis; assistant moderator, John F. Chase; town clerk, Philip B. Chase; assistant town clerk, Seth Anthony; town council, George R. Hicks, Fillmore Coggeshall, Henry C. Anthony, George N. Dennis, Resecome P. Manchester; town treasurer and collector of taxes, Edward R. Anthony; town sergeant, William T. Harvey; commissioner of asylum for three years, Charles W. Cory. The meeting was the largest that has been held by the party for years, and its action was entirely harmonious throughout.

The Democrats of New Shoreham held their caucus on Thursday night, about three hundred being present. Christopher E. Champlin, the present senator, was renominated, and Clarence C. Rose, was nominated for representative in the General Assembly. Captain George W. Conley, the present representative, a Republican, was elected last year by a combination of Democrats and Republicans.

FALL RIVER.

Henry Jubb, only son of Rev. William Walker Jubb, pastor of the Central Congregational Church, is reported as having disappeared from his home on Thursday last, his parents having obtained no trace of him since a minute or two after he left the house. He was seen to walk down Walnut street, about 7 o'clock, and the wonder of his parents being aroused at his starting out so early a call was made to him, and repeated, by the parents, but no attention was paid to the voices, and he continued his course, increasing his pace.

He is seventeen years old, and has suffered from epilepsy, on account of which he was liable to wander from home for short periods when living in England, so that his departure this time did not cause his parents to institute an immediate search. A note from him is reported to have been discovered, however, saying that he should not return last night.

The young man carried with him but the meagrest means, and, if alive, is likely to have encountered hardships in his travels. The police were notified last evening, and orders were issued to the entire force to watch out, and descriptive dispatches sent to the police of Providence, Taunton, New Bedford and Newport. Harry is 5 feet 8 inches in height, weighs 140 pounds, has brown hair, somewhat curly, blue eyes, light complexion and red cheeks, and wore when he went away a yacht cap, a cape overcoat, and a medium dark suit.—[Fall River News.

HANDS ACROSS THE SEA.

Mr. Henry Pettitt's melodrama "Hands Across the Sea," which has been twice presented in Newport to large and enthusiastic audiences, will be seen again at the Opera House on Tuesday evening next, presented by the same company which appeared here last fall. "Hands Across the Sea" has achieved a popular success which has been accorded to few plays of its kind; it is a melodrama, but without the overwrought situations which characterize most plays of its kind. Its scenic effects are realistic and elaborate; the situations are dramatic and interesting; the humor natural and pleasing, and the plot well conceived and carried out in a manner which holds the attention of the audience to the end.

HILL ALWAYS A MINORITY GOVERNOR.

The chief reason which the champions of D. B. Hill have advanced for yielding to his demand that his party make him its nominee for the Presidency, has been that he can carry the state of New York again because he has carried it twice. There is not so much heard of this claim since the town elections, but it still remains the only serious argument advanced in favor of his candidacy. It is true that Mr. Hill has carried the state twice, but other Democrats have carried it also. Samuel J. Tilden carried it in 1876 and in 1875, John Bigelow and Charles S. Fairchild carried it in 1875, Lucius Robinson in 1876, Allen C. Beach in 1877, Grover Cleveland in 1882, Alfred C. Chapin in 1883, Cleveland again in 1884, Rufus W. Peckham in 1886, Frederick Cook in 1887, Frank Rice in 1889, and Roswell P. Flower in 1891. So in seventeen years the state has been carried by Democrats thirteen times, and eleven times out of that number other Democrats than Hill have led the Democratic forces to victory. There is nothing in Hill's two elections to warrant the boast that he holds the state of New York in his pocket. The idea that he does arises from the fact that through an unscrupulous trackling as governor to the most vicious elements of the state, a cunning policy, and the aid of the Tammany-ites, the Murphyites, the McLaughlinites, and the Sheehanites, he has managed to get the machinery of the Democratic organization into his hands, and he uses it in an arbitrary, tricky, and unscrupulous manner.

Reputable Democrats, men of character and independence, repudiate Hill and his methods, and there is nothing in the successful result of the two elections in which he has been the party candidate for governor to encourage the belief that he carries the people with him. Indeed, as a matter of fact, he is the only Democratic candidate for governor who has left the Democratic party in a minority of the voters of the state in the last eighteen years. Every other Democratic governor elected since 1879 has had a majority, larger or smaller, over all, and in 1879, when Tammany's treason to Lucius Robinson elected A. B. Cornell, a Republican, the united Democratic vote, notwithstanding the discouraging situation, was still a majority of the total vote. By election, Hill has never been anything but a minority governor.

In 1874 Samuel J. Tilden was elected governor by a plurality of 50,317 over General John A. Dix, and his majority over all was but a trifle less. In 1876 Lucius Robinson received 519,831 votes, and was elected by 30,460 plurality over ex-Governor E. D. Morgan. The total vote of the state was 1,014,050 and Governor Robinson's majority over all was 25,612. In 1879, Lucius Robinson having been renominated, Tammany bolted, put up John Kelly, and elected A. B. Cornell, the Republican candidate. Governor Robinson's vote was 375,790, John Kelly's vote was 77,500, and Cornell's plurality over Robinson was 42,777. Although Tammany's treason ran the total vote of the state down to 901,541, yet the Robinson and Kelly votes combined showed a Democratic majority over all of 5,664.

In 1882 Mr. Cleveland ran for governor against Secretary Folger and the victory he won was unprecedented, receiving the enormous majority over all of 155,097. In 1885 David B. Hill ran for the first time for governor. He received 501,405 votes, or 18,366 less than Governor Robinson received in 1876, although the total vote in 1885 was 12,189 greater than in 1876, and 33,853 votes less than Cleveland received as candidate for governor in 1882, although the total vote in 1885 was 116,700 larger than in 1882. Hill's plurality over Davenport was 11,134, but he was in a minority of 21,963 in the state. In 1888 Governor Hill was renominated and received 650,404 votes, of which 251,386 were given him by New York and King's counties. His plurality over Warner Miller was 19,171. The total vote of the state was 1,317,263, and Governor Hill was in a minority of 14,302 in the state. In 1891 Governor Flower polled 582,808 votes and was elected by a plurality of 47,987 over Senator Fassett. The total vote of the state was 1,165,085, and Governor Flower's majority over all was 2,983.—[New York Post.

HARBOR NOTES.

The storm yesterday prevented Block Island steamer G. W. Danielson from making her regular trip to this city and Providence, and the weather today is sufficiently boisterous to keep her still at the island.

Pilot boats E. E. Barrett No. 8 and America No. 21 are in the harbor.

Tug C. H. Sanford is in with a tow of barges.

Tug Argus returned yesterday from Providence where she had been for repairs, and proceeded with her tow.

Revenue Cutter Grant, Captain L. N. Stodder, is in from a cruise.

BRACELETS TO BE REVIVED.

If ever a craft deserved recognition for well-meant striving after novelty and originality in its work, the jeweler's does. Sometimes the result of individual effort is not altogether happy, but the pretty things overbalance the ugly ones on the whole. This season ingenuity has been busy with the bracelet, and that neglected ornament is to be brought back into favor as fast as new and effective designs will bring it. Women with views may regard it as a fetter binding them to the hateful past and look at it askance for that reason. But women with irreproachable forearms will welcome the pretty trinket as warmly as it deserves. Combinations of pearls and diamonds are to obtain, it is said. One of the simplest of these designs is a row of diamonds twisted with a row of pearls of the same size so as to form a series of elongated ovals in the center of which a single pearl or diamond is set. Conventional arrangements of olive branches, forget-me-nots and pansies carried out in pearls and diamonds or diamonds and sapphires will also be popular. A new armlet, much in vogue in Paris just now, is a narrow band of watered ribbon with sides and buckles in precious stones. It is intended to be worn over long evening gloves, confining them to the arm. In polite French it is called jarretiere a gans; in plain English the "glove garter."—[Philadelphia Times.

Further Local News 3d and 5th pages

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

COAL

Of best quality for general family use. Also

Pea and Buckwheat Coal

For steam purposes.

PINNIGER & MANCHESTER

Toilet Sets!

A full line of decorated toilet sets now in stock.

ERASTUS P. ALLAN,
No. 131 and 133 Thames Street.

The Daughters of the Late Mr. and Mrs. Callaghan

Will continue the purchase and sale of Ladies and Gentlemen's

Cast Off Clothing,

At the same place of business,
142 Spring Street.

THE HIGHEST CASH PRICES

Will be given and EXPRESS CHARGES PAID on all parcels from without the city, as hitherto.

BOOKS, PERIODICALS, ETC.

New Books.

Travels Amongst the Great Andes of the Equator, by Edward Whymper.
The Moral Teachings of Science, by Arabella Buckley.
Granis, The Story of an Island, by Emily Lawless.
Nevermore, by Ralph Boldrewood.
Main-Travelled Roads, by Hamlin Garland.
Vain Fortune, by Geo. Moore.
Pollphar's Wife, and Other Poems, by Edwin Arnold.

FOR SALE BY

CHAS. E. HAMMETT, JR.,
202 Thames Street.

A Golden Gossip,

By Mrs. A. D. T. Whitney.

In the Vestibule Limited, by Brander Matthews.
The Pot of Gold, and Other Stories, by Mary E. Wilkins.
A Few Thoughts for Lent, Gathered from the Writings of Rev. William F. Morgan, D. D., by his daughter, Mrs. A. R. M. Dahlgren.
Moral Teachings of Science, by Arabella B. Buckley.
It Happened Yesterday, by Frederick Marshall.

GEORGE H. CARR,
172 Thames Street

CHEAP MUSIC

Until March 1st.

Tonsey's Popular Music

5 CTS. A SHEET.

CLARKE'S
264 Thames Street.

AUCTION SALES.

Real Estate At Auction

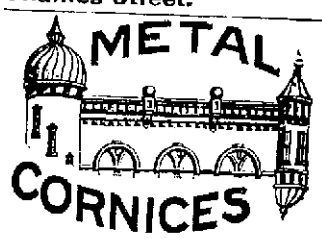
On Monday, March 21, at 12 o'clock M.

The House and Land
490 THAMES STREET,

Containing 7 rooms; water and good drainage. The lot is 37.7 feet front, 75 feet deep. A first-class business stand.

THOS. BURLINGHAM, Auct'r.

Large Type in great varitey for window signs at the Daily News Job Office, No. 207 Thames Street.



Fire-proof, weather-proof, indestructible. Do not rot like wood. Made to look like heavy stone at less cost. Oriels, bay-windows, finials, gutters and conductors. Send for designs and prices.

E. VAN NOORDEN & CO.,
383 Harrison Ave. . . . BOSTON.

PRINTING AT DAILY NEWS JOB OFFICE.

A LEADER.

The above cut represents a stylish spring jacket, made of all-wool fine cheviot cloth, double breasted, double seams, 30 inches long with notched collar. A regular five dollar jacket. The heading "a leader" means that we will sell fifty of them at only

$3.95.

We are now showing a choice variety of Ladies', Misses', Children's and Infants' Garments, which we shall be pleased to show to all callers.

The Bee Hive,
159 Thames Street.